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Lines to a Brother.

BY MRS. A. V. MUNGER.

Friend of my youth, a joyful greeting,
May heaven prosper you each day;
O, haste this time for our glad meeting,
Friends from one path should never stray.
And though in fair and stormy weather,
We may not always walk together;
Yet this one thing can oft be done,
In heart and soul we can be one.

Welcome dear friend! a happy greeting
To cheer the hand of friend is well;
But yet we know, after the meeting,
Must also come the sad farewell.
Hours of joy then hours of sadness,
Follow in the wake of gladness;
As the rivers flow into the sea,
So all these changes must needs be.

Swift fly the hours, they will not linger,
Valued we would they stay prolong;
But time with her relentless fingers,
Crosses the friends to our song.
Let not thy new ties wholly wean thee,
But think something of home and me;
At night, at noon, at eve, at night,
Let memory keep her store-house bright.

And I shall pray, thy home may grow,
More beautiful and fair each day;
A very Paradise below,
Where Christian virtues hold their way.
Good cheer, and health, be thine forever!
Kind fortune smile on each endeavor!
Write thy happiness on thy life page,
And crown thee with a ripe old age!

THE GOLDEN STATE.

There's many a rest on the road of life,
If we would only stop to take it;
And many a tone from the better land,
If the quivering heart would make it.
To the sunny spot that is full of hope,
And whose beautiful trust never falters,
The grass is green and the flowers are bright,
Though the wintry storm prevails.

Better to hope, though the clouds hang low,
And to keep the eyes still lifted;
For the sweet life sky will soon peer through,
When the ominous clouds are lifted.
There was never a night without a day,
Nor an evening without a morning,
And the darkest hour, the prayer goes,
Is the hour before the dawning.

There is many a gem in the path of life,
Which we pass in our idle pleasure,
That is richer far than the jeweled crown,
Or the sunset's hoarded treasure.
It may be the love of a little child,
Or a mother's prayer to Heaven,
Or only a beggar's grateful thanks,
For a cup of water given.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 18, 1880.

Now that the October States have so emphatically endorsed General Garfield, let us hope the attacks of the Democratic press upon his character will cease. It is fitting that the Democratic party, as a National party, should meet its death without slandering a pure and honest man. What Democratic orator dare stand up now and tell intelligent voters about the Credit Mobilier and DeGolyer scandals, after the splendid answer given by Indiana and Ohio to these false charges, charges that were refuted by the people of Garfield's own District in an increased Republican majority of 12,000, charges such as have never been imputed to the candidates of a political party before. Let us hope that this first campaign of slander by a party against an opposition candidate, will meet with such an overwhelming rebuke that the lesson will be remembered through all our history. Alex. H. Stephens, said, and we begin now to see the truth of it, that to attack Garfield's private character would elect him. As a political economist, General Hancock is a miserable failure. His views of the tariff alone, are destined to stand as a monument of ignorance, to which future generations will point in warning to their children. The General, in his desire to satisfy all, and contribute to the harmony which now animates his party, the manufacturers of New Jersey, that the general government seldom interfered, and that the subject was brought up in his native town. And to think, ever to the disgrace of our politics, that the exponent of these views is the candidate of a powerful party for the highest office in the land. The very word "tariff" seems an enigma to the Superb.

These opinions greatly troubled the Democrats, the ignorance of their candidate alarmed and mortified them, they were losing votes by him, and to stop the swelling tide of popular alarm, Sen-

ator Randolph addressed a letter to Hancock in which he hinted strongly his mistake, and suggested to him that the report of his views was incorrect, and that he had better set the people right. But the general, in his blind ignorance, failed to see the hand so anxiously offered to draw him into the light, and wrote petulantly,—"I thought I spoke plainly enough to satisfy our Jersey friends regarding my views upon the tariff." So he did, that the tariff was a "local issue." He also says in this letter that all talk about "free trade is folly." The Democratic platform plainly declares in favor of free trade, and General Hancock before nominating, declared that if he were the candidate of a party he would be bound by its platform. The better way for the Democrats is to play an honest part, take their coming defeat with dignity, and abstain from again nominating a "superb" block of good looking ignorance, stronger than his party.

The Republicans of this city celebrated the Western victory of Saturday night by an immense torchlight procession.

There is some talk among the Democrats of retiring English from the Presidential ticket. Republicans regard this threat with alarm, it would be unfair, if after allowing Indiana and Ohio to have a fair whack at him, the Democratic party should withdraw him and deprive the other States of a privilege long waited for.

MAXWELL.

There was quite an exciting and interesting time in the court room of justice Warriner on Friday afternoon last. The Millville Mutual Insurance company have brought many suits to be tried before the Squire of late. The one in question was that of The Millville Insurance Company, plaintiff, and Dr. J. Down Heritage defendant. Dr. Heritage thought he had been assessed more than some of his neighbors, therefore, he wanted an abatement of something like \$18.00, which he didn't get, because the Jury after being out about ten minutes rendered a verdict that the company, under the circumstances, should receive the full amount of the assessment. To-day several more cases will be tried before the Squire, and we predict that the company will come out No. 1 as usual. It seems strange to a person of average intelligence, why people, who have insured in this company, should for one moment entertain the idea that they ought not to pay the required assessments. The company have the law on their side, and in pushing these claims do everything fair, square and above board. The constitution and by-laws of this situation are very plain upon the subject and any one who can read can see from a glance that all who take out a policy and sign the premium note are members of the company and are in duty bound to pay their share of all the losses which may occur. Suits have been brought against many parties, and all have paid their assessment promptly, except in the present case. J. L. Van Syckel, Esq., attorney for the company handles all cases in an able manner, and can show very plainly in a very few words that there is no other alternative but to pay up.—Newfield Item.

The Committee that informed General Hancock of his nomination told him his nomination was made not alone on account of his military services, but because when he was in command of a portion of the Union undergoing the process of restoration, and while "clothed with absolute power," he "used it not to subvert but to sustain the civil laws and the rights they were established to protect." Now, what transparent humbuggery that is! If this was their reason for nominating him why in the name of goodness didn't they do it before? This Louisiana performance that they make so much fuss over took place in 1867. Why didn't they nominate him in 1868? Why not in 1872? Why not in 1876? Or why not some time when the issue was alive and fresh and General Hancock could be said to represent some practical aspect of it?

There is no horizontal Stratification of society in this country like the rocks in the earth, that hold one class down below forevermore, and let another come to the surface to stay there forever. Our Stratification is like the ocean, where every individual drop is free to move, and where from the sternest depths of the mighty deep any drop may come up to glitter on the highest wave that rolls.—Garfield.

A little boy was once much puzzled about sins being blotted out, and said, "I cannot think what becomes of all the sins God forgives, mother."

"Why, Charlie, can you tell me where are all the figures you wrote on your slate yesterday?"

"I washed them all out, mother."

"And where are they then?"

"Why, they are nowhere, they are gone," said Charlie.

Just so it is with the unbeliever's sins, they are gone—blotted out—"remembered no more."

"As far as the east is from the west, so far hath He removed our transgressions from us."

To all our means of culture is added that powerful incentive to personal ambition which springs from the genius of our Government. The pathway to honorable distinction lies open to all. No post of honor so high but the poorest boy may hope to reach it. It is the pride of every American, that many cherished names, at whose mention our hearts beat with a quicker bound, were worn by the sons of poverty, who conquered obscurity and became fixed stars in our firmament.—Garfield.

Take your Choice.

I'm mad enough to throw a dollar to a beggar.—English.

If domestic storms must come let them end with a rainbow kiss.

Drowning men catch at straws, and some men do the same thing when they want to drown their sorrows.

French cooks are very well in their way, but they can't hold a candle to American grandmothers when it comes to making pumpkin pie.

"A tariff for revenue only" means a low tariff on all imports. This would increase the cost of the necessities which we cannot furnish, and fail to protect those which we can.

Mr. Zabrieskowschschiera is a candidate for office in Minnesota. He will certainly be elected, for no stump speaker can say anything against him without dislocating his jaw.

Garfield's congressional district gives a Republican gain of 1,608 in the largest vote cast in seventeen years.

A London magistrate sent a man to prison for three months for cutting off a cat's tail.

A Chicago man makes a living looking for lost things. He visits parks and fronts of theatres every morning before daylight, and, when he finds anything, he obtains the reward.

I would rather be defeated than make Capital out of my Religion.—Garfield at Chautauque, Aug. 8th, 1880.

The best thing in Patterson, and the best thing in this Republic next to Liberty, is the Labor of our People.—Garfield's speech at Patterson, Aug. 7th, 1880.

If there be one thing upon this Earth that mankind love and admire better than another, it is a brave man—it is a man who dares to look the Devil in the face and tell him he is a Devil.—Garfield.

To a young man who has in himself the magnificent possibilities of life it is not fitting that he should be permanently commanded; he should be a Commander. You must not continue to be the employed. You must be an employer. There is something, young man, which you can command—go and find it and command it. Do not, I beseech you, be content to enter upon any Business which does not require and compel constant intellectual growth.—Garfield.

HELP

Yourself by making money when a golden chance is offered, thereby always keeping poverty from your door. Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. We furnish an expensive outfit and all that you need, free. No one who engages fails to make money very rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address: STRICKS & CO., Portland, Maine.

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C. P. MORTON,
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\$10 Outfit furnished free, with full instructions for conducting the most profitable business that anyone can engage in. The business is so easy to learn, and our instructions are so simple and plain, that anyone can make great profits from the very start. No one can fail who is willing to work. Women are as successful as men. Boys and girls can earn large sums. Many have made the business over one hundred dollars in a single week. Nothing like it ever known before. All who engage are surprised at the ease and rapidity with which they are able to make money. You can engage in this business during your spare time at great profit. You do not have to invest capital in it. We take all the risk. Those who need ready money should write to us once. A full furnished free. Address: TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.



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KIDNEGEN is highly recommended and unsurpassed for WHEAK or FOUL KIDNEYS, DROPSY, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, LOSS OF ENERGY, NERVOUS DEBILITY, or any OBSTRUCTIONS arising from GRAVEL or BLADDER DISEASES. Also for YELLOW FEVER, BLOOD and KIDNEY POISONING, in infected malarial sections.

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N. B.—Dress and Cloak Making. Ladies Suits made to order at short notice. Knitting and Stamping.

Jan 1

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Hats, Caps, Ladies' and Gents' FURNISHING GOODS, Blank and School Books, Stationery, Sewing Machine Needles, Silk, Cotton, Notions, Fancy Articles, &c., At Reasonable Prices

FOR SALE!

Now is the time for me to sell. Will you buy I offer you a two-story house, with two well-ventilated stores, and dwelling above, in the business part of the town. A first-class garden, set with fruit trees and grape vines.

I want to make a new residence by selling the old. Call, or address,

JOSEPH COAST,
Hammonton, N. J.

Jos. H Shinn INSURANCE AGENT ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,

References: Policy holders in the Atlantic City fires.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, issued out of the Court of Chancery, will be sold at public vendue, on **Saturday, October 23d, 1880, AT TWO O'CLOCK** in the afternoon of said day, at the Hotel of Richard C. Calk, in Buena Vista, All that certain piece or lot of land situate in the township of Buena Vista, County of Atlantic, State of New Jersey, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner of lot number twenty-seven, bought by Jesse Down, thence north seventy-one degrees and forty-four minutes, east twenty-one chains and eighty-nine links to a corner; thence south one degree east, forty-four chains to a corner in the road leading from Buena Vista to Blue Anchor; thence south seventy-one and three-quarter degrees, west twenty-seven chains and fifty links; thence north five degrees east, forty-six chains and fifty links to the beginning, containing one hundred and three acres and sixty-six hundredths of an acre, more or less, and is lot numbered twenty-six.

Also, all that other tract or parcel of land situate in the township of Buena Vista aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner in the road leading from Buena Vista to the residence of Mrs. Rebecca Hancock, the same being corner to lot number one bought by Wesley Vanaman; thence south five degrees, west, along said Vanaman's line, sixty-four chains to Deep Run, thence an easterly direction along said Deep Run, the several courses and distances thereof to the corner of lot No. 3; thence north five degrees west, sixty-one chains and fifty links to above named road; thence along said road north eighty-three degrees and fifty minutes west, thirteen chains and nine links to the beginning, containing sixty-nine acres and eight hundredths of an acre, more or less, subject to claims if any on Deep Run, and is lot number two.

Also, all that other certain piece or lot of land situate in the township of Buena Vista aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner in the said road leading from Buena Vista to the residence of Rebecca Hancock, the same being corner to lot No. 2 above described; thence along said road south five degrees west, sixty-one chains and fifty links to Deep Run; thence along said Run to the corner of lot number four bought by C. Campbell Cooper; thence north five degrees east, sixty-one chains and sixty-three links to the said road, thence along said road to lot No. 16 bought by Furman L. Mulford and lot No. 15 bought by Wesley Vanaman; thence north eighty-three degrees and fifty minutes west, seventeen chains and ninety links to the beginning, containing one hundred and ten acres and thirty-one hundredths of an acre, more or less, subject to claims if any on Deep Run, and is lot No. 3.

Also, all that other certain piece or lot of land situate in the township of Buena Vista aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a station in the Waymouth road the same being corner to lot number 18 bought by Archibald Scott and to lot number 19 bought by Furman L. Mulford; thence south five degrees west, twenty-six chains and seventy-one links to the corner of lot number fifteen bought by Wesley Vanaman; thence north eighty-five degrees west, twenty-two chains and fifty six links to another corner of said lot number fifteen; thence north twenty-five degrees and thirty-five minutes, west nineteen chains and fifty-eight links to the Waymouth road; thence along said road, south seventy-eight and a-half degrees east, thirty-three chains and eight links to the beginning, containing sixty-three acres and ninety hundredths of an acre, more or less, and is lot seventeen. All of said lots being numbered as per plan of map of the Real Estate of Ambrose Hancock, deceased, as run out for the Commissioners in the year A. D. 1856 by Samuel Wills, Surveyor. Seized as the property of Ambrose Hancock, et ux et al. Defendants, taken in execution at the suit of Burdick Burtch, Complainant, and to be sold by

M. V. B. MOORE, Sheriff.
Dated August 23d, 1880.
Jas. H. Nixon, Solicitor.

DR. W. E. DAVIE, Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College,

GIVE HIM A CALL

who has opened the rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Stocking.

Corner 3rd Street and Bellevue Avenue, HAMMONTON.

All operations pertaining to dentistry performed in the very best manner.

Anesthetics administered when desired.

Established in 1810.
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Barber Shop.
Wm. HANEY,
Fashionable Hair Cutter
has taken the shop recently occupied by Joe Coast, and will attend to every particular of the business, hair cutting, Shampoos, shaving, etc.

A Clean Shave to Every Man!
Open every day on Sunday from 7 to 10 AM.
Hammonton, N. J., Oct. 23, 1880.
of protest to acquit th

The Minister's Daughter.
In the midst of the morning session
He had told of the principal fact,
And how it was that the wealth of God
Rest on each and all.

And how, of His will and pleasure,
All souls, save a chosen few,
Were doomed to the ceaseless burning,
And held in the way thereon.

Yes, perished by faith's unreason
A saintful soul was tried,
And never the harsh old lesson
A tender heart belied.

And, after the painful service
On that pleasant Sabbath day,
He walked with his little daughter
Through the apple-blossoms of May.

Sweet in the fresh green meadows
Sparrow and chickadee sang;
Above him the white petals
The blossoming orchards hung.

Around on the wonderful glory
The minister looked and smiled;
"How good is the Lord who gives us
These gifts from His hand, my child!

"Behold in the bloom of apple
And the violet in the sword
A hint of the old, lost heaven
Of the garden of the Lord!"

Then up spoke the little maiden,
Treading on snow and pick
And these pretty blossoms
Are they better than garden of Eden?

"There never had been a fall,
And it never a tree had blossomed
God would have loved to lay
His hand on each and all."

"Unh, unh," the father answered,
"By His decree man fell;
His ways are in clouds and darkness,
But He doeth all things well."

And whether by His ordinance
To us on earth good or ill,
Joy or pain, light or shadow,
We must thank and love Him still."

"Oh, I fear Him," said the daughter,
"And I try to love Him, too,
But I wish He was good and gentle,
Kind and loving as you."

The minister frowned in spirit
As the tremulous lips of pain
And wide, wet eyes uplinked
Questioned his own in vain.

Bowing his head he pondered
The words of the little one;
Had he erred in his lifelong teaching
Had he wrong to his Master done?

To what grim and dreadful idol
Had he lent the holiest name?
Did his own heart, in secret shame,
The God of his worship share?

And lo! from the bloom and greenness,
From the tender apple and the violet,
And the face of his little daughter,
He read a lesson of love.

No more as the lonely tower
Of Sinai's mount of law,
But as Christ in the Syrian hills
The vision of God he saw.

And as when, in the clouds of Ereb,
God was His presence known,
The dread ineffable glory
Was infinite goodness alone.

Thereafter his heaven noted
In his prayer's tremulous strain,
And these the words of his heart
Burned on his lips again.

And the scolding tongue was prayerful,
And the blinded eyes found sight,
And hearts, as faint sunlight,
Grew soft in his warmth and light.

John G. Whittier, in *Atlantic Monthly*.

THE STORY OF A YEAR.

Very handsome looked Linda Brent
On this brilliant New Year's day,
As moved like a queen through her aunt's
Handsome furnished drawing-room.

Not one of all the throng whom she
Welcomed so cordially and who wished
Her a happy New Year could have imagined
The dictating thoughts pressing
On her mind, for to-day she was to give
Her final answer to Denham Edwards.

Denham and the doctor made their
Way downstairs, and getting into the
carriage, drove off together.
A rather nice family that, but pretty
hard pushed to get along. I should
think," said the doctor. "Did you
not see the table? Not much there for
a party of twelve. It will need all my
help to help them, too; for, although Miss
Winton has a sweet face, there are some
very ugly lines about that mouth.
Did you notice her?"

"No," scornfully replied Denham.
"I have done with women forever.
She has made an epoch in my life,
and I would think that the poverty of
three thousand a year would not be too
hard to bear for the sake of the man
I loved. The question had not yet been
decided in her mind when she heard a
loud, musical voice at her side.

"A very happy New Year, Miss
Linda," and raising her eyes, she saw
an earnest, loving look on Denham
Edwards' face. It was gone in an in-
stant. It was meant for her, for
"A thousand thanks! And shall I
wish you many in return, or is it only
necessary to wish you one?" she asked,
and with a smile she said, "I wish you
a very happy New Year."

"If you want to make
a happy New Year for all time,"
said Linda, "I wish you to be a
husband."

And again there was a short, sharp
struggle, which he saw quite plainly on
her face, and was prepared for the an-
swer.

"No, it can never be," he said.
Her voice sounded far away and dim
to herself; was she really speaking?
But looking up, she saw the proud,
proud look on her lover's face, as with
a profound bow he left her.

Mechanically he left the house and
entered the carriage. The driver said,
"Where next, sir?" to which he replied, "Anywhere,
and drive fast."

"Fool that I was," he thought, "and
thrice a fool to think that she
would be different from the rest. It's
all money, money, money. And yet I
believe she has noble impulses and that
she loved me, but not enough to marry
on three thousand a year. Twenty
thousand—that would have made a
difference. Is it or is it not a fortunate
thing for me that no one knows that
I was ever in love with her?"

But underneath his thoughts was a
bitter longing that she had not known
a wish that she had never loved him,
and that she had never been opened.

Wrapped in his musings, he never
noticed where they were driving, but
suddenly awakened by feeling a dull
thud, then a shout and the carriage
suddenly stopping.

"Jumping heaven!" he found that
his driver had run over a little blue-
coated messenger—that was all.

"He won't be missed; plenty more
like him," some one said, heartily.
Denham stopped not to answer, but
picking the little fellow up and asking
him where he lived, before the crowd
knew what had happened.

It was a long way they had to go, and
Denham pitied the little fellow, who
was trying to reach the pain so manfully.

He had a pale, thin face, with large,
dark eyes and a confident manner. It
was not very difficult to get him to tell
his history.

His name was Henry Winton. His
mother had been a long time, his
father died two years ago. His oldest
sister, Emily, taught school, and there
were two little sisters, and he was
a messenger-boy, and helped his sister.

And then his eyes shut, but the tears
were rolling down his cheeks. Denham
knew that he was thinking that
he could not help.

Never mind, my little man. I will
see that you shall be no loser by this
accident. I will pay your wages just
the same.

By this time they had arrived at the
house the child had directed them to.
Denham lifted the boy out, and send-
ing the driver and carriage after his old
friend, Dr. Black, Denham carried him
into the house, where his way, was directed
to the third floor.

The doctor was open, and three
frigid-looking faces were peering
down at him. Denham knew that the child
was not killed, but in a faint, he entered,
and, placing him on a bed, assisted the doctor
in restoring him. It was not long till
the doctor arrived. He pronounced the
wound not at all dangerous; one leg was
broken, but he needed was good care
and attention.

Denham's quick ear caught a sup-
pressed sigh, and, turning quickly, he
saw the thoughtful look come over the
elder sister's face; and, stepping back
into the shadow unobserved, took a
closer look at the man whose name
Denham while the doctor was giving his
directions.

With the exquisite neatness and the
general air of refinement which the
man possessed, he had not noticed the
poverty; now, as he looked closely,
he saw how threadbare and worn every-
thing was.

He was roused from his observations
by the doctor turning to him, as he had
given his final directions. Stepping up
to the bedside, he said:

"Now, my little man, you must not
allow this to worry you too much.
You are that you do not lose anything,
and if the situation be lost, why, well,
try if a better one cannot be found; so
don't fret. I shall, too, and I know
you would not like that." Then, turn-
ing, with his winning grace, he said:

"Miss Winton?" an interrogation in
his voice.

"I shall take the liberty of coming to
see my little friend again, and I am
sorry indeed that I have been the means
of giving you such a bad beginning for
your new year."

What was there in his voice that
moved her so strangely to pity, not for
himself, but for him?

Raising her large brown eyes she
tempted to say something commonplace;
but, failing, she merely bowed, and they
parted.

Denham and the doctor made their
way downstairs, and getting into the
carriage, drove off together.

A rather nice family that, but pretty
hard pushed to get along. I should
think," said the doctor. "Did you
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a happy New Year for all time,"
said Linda, "I wish you to be a
husband."

As Linda knew, poor fellow,
that this suffering, it might be that
he would be able to do so.

The doctor was pained to see his
patient in such a state. He had known
him all his life; they were boys
together, were in college together, and
later had been broken up by a
change of Denham's deeply affec-
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The Republican.

[Entered as second class matter.]

ORVILLE E. HOYT,
Editor and Publisher.

HAMMONTON, ATLANTIC CO., N. J.
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1889.

Republican Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES A. GARFIELD,
of Ohio.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
CHESTER A. ANTHUR,
of New York.

For Presidential Electors.

First District—WILLIAM E. POTTER.
Second District—E. B. GRUBB.
Third District—SIMON VAN WICKLE.
Fourth District—PATRICK C. HANLEY.
Fifth District—GEORGE RICHARDS.
Sixth District—C. M. THEEDERHART.
Seventh District—GEORGE C. TOFFEY.

ELECTORS AT LARGE.

BARKER GUMMER, of Worcester.
E. K. PARSONS, of Hudson.

FOR GOVERNOR.

FREDERIC A. POTTS,
of Hunterdon County.

FOR CONGRESS.

J. HART BREWER,
of Mercer County.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

JOHN J. GARDNER, of Atlantic City.
FOR ASSEMBLY.

GEORGE ELVINS, of Hammonton.
FOR COUNTY CLERK.

LORENZO A. DOWD, of Hamilton.
FOR CORONER.

DR. CHARLES SOURCES, Atlantic City.

Vote against the party which relies so largely for success on the electoral votes secured by fraud and violence in the South. Such a party cannot be trusted in control of the United States government. It tramples upon the rights of voters in one section it will do the same everywhere it gets the power.

The New York World, the leading Democratic paper in the East, boldly asserts that the government has no right to make any tariff except for revenue. This is the Democratic idea, as expressed in the Democratic platform—the government has "no right" to protect American industries from the competition of foreign pauper labor.

The Republican protective tariff was put in 1861 and had not been for the rebellion of one wing of the Democracy in party this country would be today the richest and most powerful nation on the face of the globe. As it is we would not yet be recovering from the waste of the war were it not for this same protective tariff which the Democrats have thus far failed in vain to destroy.

An important and much-needed act was passed by the last Legislature, which requires the Secretary of State to forward to the several county clerks of this State a copy of the election law and "blanks" to be used by the election boards in making their returns; and the county clerks are required to distribute these documents to the township clerks or clerks of election boards of their respective counties, thus securing uniform and accurate returns in legal form.

These documents have been forwarded from the Secretary of State's office to every county clerk in the State.

Major Samuel V. Reid, an ex-confederate soldier, a resident of Covington, Kentucky, and a commission merchant in Cincinnati, in the Cincinnati Commercial of Thursday, October 14, 1889, gave expression to his opinion as follows on the result of the October election:

"I am for revolution. I have fought them before, and I am ready to reach out and fight them again. The musket will have to settle this business at last. These blunders of the South are the blunders of the North. I am for the Union, and I tell you the people won't stand it much longer. The principles of the Southern Democrats lived in Washington, and they lived in Lee, and they live yet. The whole country has gone to hell. I would like to migrate to the Rocky Mountains, and never see a white man again as long as I live."

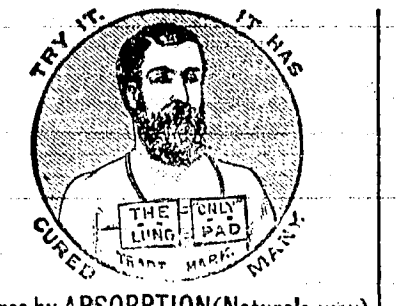
The American people is asked to surrender their government to the control of men who are proud of their part in the effort to destroy it. It will be the strangest spectacle in human history if the party which endeavored to destroy the government is, within fifteen years after the close of the war, placed in possession of it by the votes of northern men. It is with no bitterness whatever toward either the Democratic party or the South that I declare the simple truth of history when I say that the rebellion was simply and exclusively the Democratic party in arms at the South and in sympathy at the North. I am willing to hope that sooner or later they will recognize that, as the ballot was given them who strove to destroy the government, they must not longer withhold it by force or fraud from the men who labored and prayed to save it. But in all of this, it is not to justify handing the government over to them? I do declare it is a spectacle without parallel in the history of mankind that rebels in arms, and recently defeated on the battle-field, should expect by the vote of their conquerors to obtain control of the government they could not destroy. They do not forget Lee, they do not forget Jackson, and if they cherish with affection and pride the memory of the men who bared their breasts in defense of the cause, cannot they understand that we never can desert the black men who helped us to victory? We will not violate the constitutional limitations in order to interfere with them; we will not use the federal army in order to control their State elections. We will not violate the constitutional limitations in order to interfere with them; we will not use the federal army in order to control their State elections.

It will cost you nothing to examine it, and if it should not prove to be what you want, we will show you a line of boots either in whole stock or split, calf, kip, or Cowhide, that cannot fail to suit you in price and quality.

In Youth's and Boy's sizes we have the best stocks in the market.

Children's copper-toed boots are worth 95 cents.

P. S. Tilton & Son,
Hammonton.



Timely Advice on Fall Clothes.

You are thinking of your clothing for fall: what it shall be; how and where you shall get it.

COME AND SEE US.
Come and see us, or drop us a line, saying what you want, as near as you can. If you are here, you can see for yourself a great variety of things, try on what you like, and go home with the old clothes in a bundle. That is very easy; and nothing can be more satisfactory.

NOT A STRANGE PLACE.
It isn't as if you were going to a strange place. The chances are you've been here before, and know something of our ways. Perhaps your neighbor has been here; and has told you it was a good place to go to. Perhaps you've only read that we sell a good many clothes, and say to people who buy them: Bring them back if you don't find them every-way to your liking.

Now this is really why we are not strangers to anybody: because we deal with everybody as with a neighbor; and expect him to come right back if he has cause of complaint.

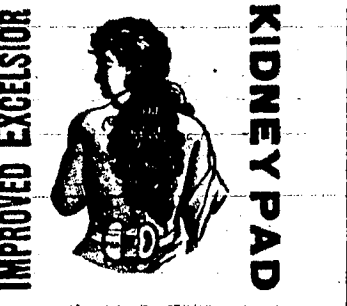
IF YOU DON'T COME.
But, suppose you don't come. How are we going to sell you just what you want to buy, without your seeing things beforehand? Try; write; say about how much you want to pay for a business suit, dress suit, overcoat, or whatever you want; say what your occupation is; say anything that has any bearing on what we ought to send you. It will not take us two minutes to guess what you want; if we don't guess right, that's our loss, not yours.

HAVE YOUR OWN WAY!
Perhaps you want your clothing made to your measure. Did you suspect that we make to measure a half-million dollars' worth of clothing every year for people we never saw and never expect to see? You may be very certain that we have a way of doing such work without much risk of a misfit; for a misfit, you know, comes right back to us. We are pretty careful about making blunders when we've got them all to make good.

OUR WAY.
Our way of doing business is to make the buyer wiser, come, at the outset, to all the advantage and all the guarantee he can ask for.

Wanamaker & Brown.

OAK HALL,
Seam and Market streets,
PHILADELPHIA.



Excelsior Kidney Pad.

Improved Excelsior Kidney Pad. It is a MARVEL OF HEALING AND RELIEF.

Simple, Sensible, Direct, Painless, Powerful.

It cures where all else fails. A REVELATION in REVOLUTION in Medicine. Absorption of direct application, exposed to unsatisfactory internal medicine. Send for our treatise on Kidney trouble, sent free. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, \$2.00.

BATES & HANLEY,
131 Madison Street,
Chicago, Ills.

Send for Testimonial and full particulars. Ask for it and take no other.

Job Printing

OF ALL KINDS

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Hammonton, N. J.

THE BEST REMEDY

FOR

Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

AYER'S

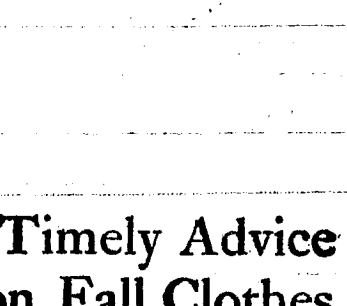
CHERRY

PECTORAL.

Low prices are inducements to try some of the many mixtures, or syrups, made of cheap and ineffective ingredients, now offered, which, as they contain no curative qualities, can afford only temporary relief, and are sure to deceive and disappoint the patient. Diseases of the throat and lungs demand active and effective treatment, and it is dangerous experimenting with unknown and cheap medicines, from the great liability that these diseases may, while so trifled with, become deeply seated or incurable. Use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and you can confidently expect the best results. It is a standard medical preparation, of known and acknowledged curative power, and is as cheap as its careful preparation and fine ingredients will allow. Excellent physicians, knowing its composition, prescribe it in their practice. The test of half a century has proven its absolute certainty to cure all pulmonary complaints not already beyond the reach of human aid.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.



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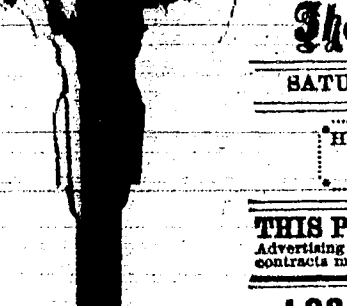
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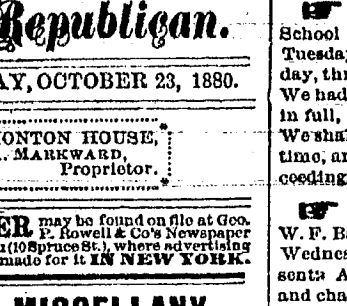
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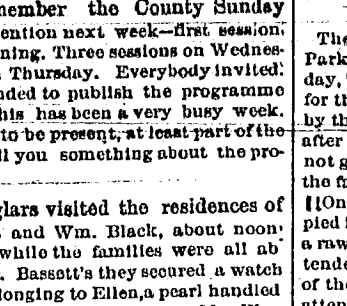
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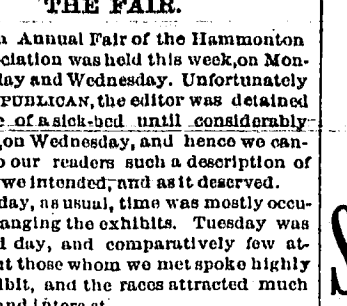
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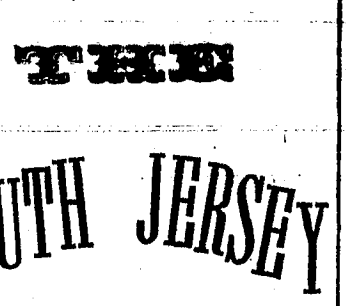
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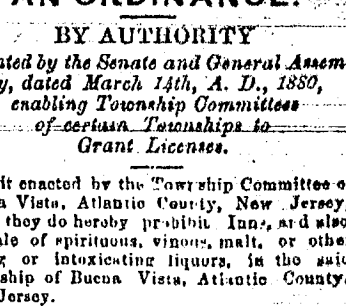
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23 years in the Ohio Legislature.
23 consecutive years in the Hall of Congress.

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Missunderstandings.
He said: "Good-bye," and he took her hand.
And thought, "After all I was wrong;
I dreamt that the love of an angel had
dropped down from the angelic mist
To the level where I belong."

He said: "Good-bye," and he kissed her hand.
And she thought: "I was wrong for once, I see;
I somehow fancied he cared for me—
But perhaps it is just as well."

He said: "I shall never forget the days
That the summer has brought this year,
When shall I see you?" "Ah, when?" she
said.
"While you are earning your daily bread
I shall be waiting here."

He thought: "She is cruel, and hard, and cold.
I will take her my heart again!
I think that was not an angel's kiss;
But carries her proud head to her high
To be touched by a word of pain."

He said: "I am waiting your time, I fear,
You have always so much to do.
Do you think you could think, just once in a
while, of me?"

I have forgot what I meant to say,
Good-bye! for my train is due."
She said: "I have waited you good-bye
before,
And I think that the grass is wet;
And as to waiting your time," she said,
"One moment is dreaming of days that are
dead."

So I think I will just forget.
She thought: "To the last he has played his
part,
But I am his equal still;
I think that was not an angel's kiss;
Or perhaps I have buried it safe and deep.
To come back to life at will."

He said: "There are tears in your eyes, I
saw."
And she answered: "You cannot see."
"For I fancy that something I thought was
dead
Has come back to life and me."

"Sweet eyes, may I read your tears
For you rather I went away?"
And she said: "Since the train—your train,
you know,
Was due, at the least, an hour ago,
I think you had better stay."

NOT QUITE A TRAMP.
"No tramp wanted here, young chap;
so you may just go along."
The speaker was a fine-looking and
apparently an easy-going gentleman of
middle age, who was standing leaning
over a gate looking out on the road.
The gate opened on a gravel walk which
led up to a two-story cottage house. In
front of the house a large garden, and
the ground was overgrown with trees,
shrubs and flowering plants, which,
to say the least of it, did not show careful
attention. Altogether, it was a bright,
cheerful and attractive place.

So thought, no doubt, the stranger
who had just near the gate, and he had
Mr. Horton's utterance. He was not an
ill-looking young man—or boy, for his
clothes were ragged and dirty, his shoes
worn and muddy, and his general ap-
pearance was unkempt and disreputable.

He had stepped in the road, and had
directed at the man, or at the house, or
at the grounds, or at all three, a wistful
look, which might intimate a wish or an
entreaty. It was this look which Mr.
Horton had answered when he addressed
the young fellow as a tramp, and advised
him to "go along."

"I am no tramp, sir," replied the
stranger.
"You are not," said Mr. Horton be-
lieving nature, "but you can't deny that
you have all the symptoms."

"That is true, sir. I know that I am
poor and ragged, but I don't consider
myself a tramp. I am looking for work."

"That's what they all say. They are
all looking for work, and seeking to
death for fear they will find it. To say
that you are looking for work is to ad-
vertise the fact that you are a tramp."

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chain, one of which he offered to the
boy. "Want any more tools?" he asked.
"A sheet of drawing paper, if you
have it."

Mr. Horton brought out the required
article, clamped upon a drawing-board;
also some crayon-holders and a sharp
knife.

"I am not of an architect," he said,
"and keep these things on hand. But
hadn't you better eat some lunch before
you begin this business? You have a
hungry look."

"I am not so hungry, sir, but that I
am willing to earn a meal before I eat
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"Side face or front?"
"Side face, if you please. I can do
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to swindle you out of it. He would
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if he had not been so honest."
"How do you know this?" eagerly
asked Abel.

"I am a sort of an architect," he said,
"and keep these things on hand. But
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Ice-Scooped Rocks in Lake Erie.
Pelle Island, in Lake Erie, is about
twenty miles north of the city of
Sandusky, O. Of limestone formation,
a series of reef-formation of the south
and east shores to a distance of from two
to four miles, making it a favorite resort
for the black bears.

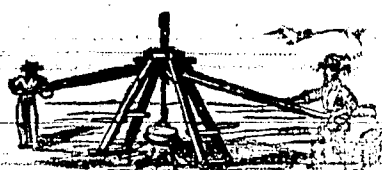
An interesting feature of this island,
on the south side, is the beach of limesto-
ne that in some places stretches along
the shore in unbroken continuity for
two or three hundred yards. This
beach, stretching back from the water's
edge about forty yards, presents the ap-
pearance of having been submitted to
the action of a gigantic plane that had
done its work thoroughly, leaving no
unevenness on its surface. An interest-
ing peculiarity in regard to this limesto-
ne beach is the fact that numerous
grooves have been scooped out of the
solid rock, some from two to fifteen feet
wide and an average depth of two
feet. These grooves, the sides and bot-
tom of which are as smooth as paving
stones, look as if they had been scooped
out by an immense gouge. At other
places may be observed numerous
smaller grooves and lines; some mere
scratches, and others of considerable
depth. These grooves and lines are all
as exactly straight as if they had been
ruled, crossing, recrossing and in-
tersecting each other in every possible
angle. These lines trend from the
northwest to the southeast, and
from the northeast to the southwest.

It is only one half in this city en-
gaged in its manufacture at present, and
this establishment produces an average
of 100 gross of bottles per week, though
the production varies with the demand.
It is entirely for home consumption,
though there was recently opened a
small factory by the name of Maximo.
Powers are not used in their
natural state, as they are not to be had.
Neither could they very well be im-
ported in their natural state, on account
of the expense attending, and, moreover,
in their transportation, a large
percentage of their fragrance
would be lost. To make them ready for
the cultivation of flowers, flower-farm-
ers could not be made an im-
portation of them. There is a great
demand for them, and they are being
engaged in it at present, and it might
very well be introduced. Wherever the
raw material is to be obtained prob-
ably—these manufacturers spring up,
and nowhere do flowers grow more lux-
uriantly than in this State. To convey
an idea of the extent of the manufac-
ture of perfume, it may be said that
India and Europe consume annually,
at the very lowest estimate, 150,000 gal-
lons of perfumed spirits. The large
perfumers of Grasse and Paris employ
annually in their manufactures 80,000
casks of rose blossoms, 50,000 pounds
cassia flowers, 50,000 pounds rose leaves,
30,000 pounds jasmine, 30,000 pounds
violets, 30,000 pounds rose roses, 30,000
pounds lilacs, besides great quantities
of rosemary, nince, lemon, citron, and
many odoriferous plants. The quantity
of odoriferous substances used in
this way is certainly very great, and be-
yond the conception of most people.—
San Francisco Bulletin.

He Expects It.
The man who leaves a tinshop or hard-
ware store with a length of stovepipe
under his arm knows exactly the quanti-
ty he has to run, and has probably
branded the tin on the end of the pipe.
The regular programme is as follows:
First man—"Hello! Had to come to
it, have you?"
Second man—"Don't swear if she
don't fit!"
Third man—"Hit her with the ax!"
Fourth man—"I've been there, and I
train to take him back to Chicago before
Monday. His first question of the gen-
tlemen was was awaiting him was I
there in company with you?"
Fifth man—"Hello! What's that?"
Sixth man—"No! Ho! ho! ho! Well, I
never! I always stand on the step-ladder
and look on the back of the stovepipe."
Seventh man—"This man makes a
motion for the man with the stovepipe
to halt. He points to the stovepipe and
says:
"Is that stovepipe?"
"Yes."
"Is it to put up a stove with?"
"Yes."
"Going to put up the stove yourself?"
"Yes."
"Well, I shan't hinder you. Stoves
have almost become a necessity of late
years. I know quite a number of my
neighbors who are getting them to build
fires in. Let me know how you come
out."—Detroit Free Press.

Andrew's Prophetic Poem.
During the years 1779 and 1780 Andre
was on duty in New York and took a
leading part in the social life of that
city. During the winter of 1779, when
the capture of Stony Point, June 1,
1779, and wrote as did camp upon the
banks of the Hudson. The poem, which
he wrote in the winter of 1779, and
which he wrote in the winter of 1779,
was a prophecy of the capture of Stony
Point, which was captured on June 1,
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Ladies' Store.
Corner of Bellevue Avenue & Horton Street
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TOMLIN & SMITH.
Hamburg Embroideries, Laces,
White goods, Fancy Arti-
cles and Toys.
Ladies Furnishing Goods a Speciality.



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Having reserved the right to manufacture and sell this Favorite Machine in the counties of Camden, Burlington, Ocean, Atlantic and Cape May, I hereby give notice that I am prepared to fill orders at following rates:

NO. 1 MACHINE, \$65.00.
NO. 2 \$50.00.

These Machines are Warranted to be the BEST in the market.

For particulars send for circular.
G. W. PRESSEY,
Hammonton, N. J. Inventor & Manuf'r.

London Nursery

JAPANESE PRISTIMON TREES 4 ft. to 6 ft. in 12 choicest kinds. Dried specimen fruits received last season from Japan would, when fresh from the tree, have weighed 16 lbs. with the flavor of a rich Smyrna fig.
Should these, like the shrubs and Superb evergreens introduced from Japan, prove hardy as authorities have already pronounced them to be, we may look forward in this instance to an acquisition of the highest commercial importance as a fruit and tree of great magnificence.

NEW PEAR.

Triomphe de Lyons, a late variety whose fruit is the largest known.
Also large general stock of fruit, shade, rare evergreens, shrubs, hedge, budding, and greenhouse plants, all of which will be sold at about half price by

J. BUTTERTON,
Hammonton, N. J.

A. L. HARTWELL, Architect and Builder

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, DETAILS,
BILLS OF MATERIALS, COSTS, &c.,

Furnished at short notice.

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Office and Shop opposite R. R. Station
HAMMONTON, N. J.

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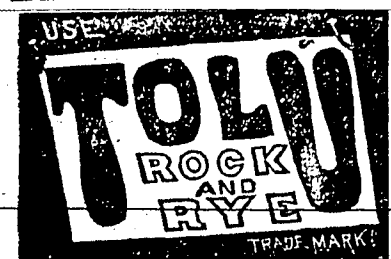
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A general assortment of Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, Confections, &c., consisting of Choice Eating Apples, Messina Oranges and Lemons, Choice Figs, Bananas, Chocolate Creams, Chocolate and Vanilla Caramels, Cough Lozenges, Horehound, Lemon and Acid Drops, Fine Almonds, Imperial Mixtures, &c. Molasses Candy a Specialty.

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SURE CURE
Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption,
And All Diseases of THROAT AND LUNGS.

Put up in Quart-Size Bottles for Family Use.
Scientifically prepared of Balsam Tolu, Crystallized Rock Candy, Old Rye, and other tonics. The Formula is known to our best physicians, is highly commended by them, and the analysis of our most prominent chemist, Prof. C. A. MARINER, in Chicago, is on the label of every bottle. It is well known to the medical profession that TOLU ROCK and RYE will afford the most reliable relief for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Weak Lungs, also Consumption, in the incipient and advanced stages.
Used as a BEVERAGE and APPETIZER, it makes a delightful tonic for family use. Is pleasant to take; if weak or debilitated, it gives tone, activity and strength to the whole human frame.

CAUTION. Don't be deceived by unprincipled dealers who try to palm off on you Rock and Rye in place of our TOLU ROCK AND RYE, which is the only medicated article made. Be genuine having a GOVERNMENT STAMP on each bottle.
LAWRENCE & MARTIN, Proprietors,
111 Madison Street, Chicago.

Ask your Druggist for it!
Ask your Grocer for it!
Ask your Wine Merchant for it!
Children, ask your Mama for it!
Sold by DRUGGISTS, GROCERS and WINE MERCHANTS everywhere.

AND BY
LAWRENCE & MARTIN,
No. 6 Barclay St., New York



It supplies the natural food and color to the hair glands without staining the skin. It will increase and thicken the growth of the hair, prevent its blanching and falling off, and thus AVERT BALDNESS.

It cures Itching, Eruptions and Dandruff. As a HAIR DRESSING it is very desirable, giving the hair a silken softness which all admire. It keeps the head clean, sweet and healthy.



will change the beard to a BROWN or BLACK at discretion. Being in one preparation it is easily applied, and produces a permanent color that will not wash off.

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R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

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Improved Farms and Village lots with good buildings pleasantly located, in and near the centre of the town

For Sale from \$600 to \$3,000

in easy instalments.

TO RENT FROM \$5 to \$10 A MONTH.

Address,
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Hammonton, N. J.

MUST!

Above product, our "specialty," is the pure unfermented juice of the grape as it leaves the press, and equivalent to this delicious fruit in liquid form. Possessing no alcoholic properties, it is invaluable to Invalids, Temperance people and Churches for Sacramental purposes. "Our" MUST must not be mistaken for other so-called unfermented wines, as it is not bottled and hermetically sealed to keep it from spoiling. The only "Process" resorted to by us is to permanently stop fermentation, which naturally must result in the juice remaining as it grew.

The undersigned are now disposing of their new stock prepared from their last grape crop, and warrant that it will keep without special care.

PRICE
Per case of one doz. bottles \$6.00
Per gallon 3.00.

Orders should be sent direct to

William & J. Henry Wolsieffer,
Chester Vineyards,
Egg Harbor City
Atlantic County, N. J.

Terms, C. O. D.

THE Albrecht Pianos,

ARE UNSURPASSED.

The Leading Phila. Make.



Prices greatly Reduced

Our beautiful new "Illustrated Catalogue and Price List" mailed free on application.

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NEW JERSEY
STATE NORMAL & MODEL
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TOTAL COST FOR BOARD, TUITION, BOOKS, etc., at the Normal School, \$134 for Ladies and \$140 for Gentlemen; at the Model School, \$180 per year. Buildings thoroughly heated by steam. The Model School offers to both young ladies and gentlemen superior advantages in all its departments, viz.: Mathematical, Classical, Commercial and in Belles Lettres. For circulars containing full particulars, address,
W. HASBROUCK, Principal,
Trenton, New Jersey

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

PASSED BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY, ON THE ELEVENTH DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1880.

Resolved (The House of Assembly concurring), That the concurrent resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the State, providing for biennial sessions of the Legislature, having been agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two Houses, be entered in the respective journals of the Houses with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and the same be referred to the Legislature next to be chosen in this State, and that publication for three months previous to making such choice shall be made in at least one newspaper in each county; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House cause said entries to be made in the journals of the respective Houses and cause publication to be made aforesaid according to law and the requirements of the Constitution in that regard, under Article IX, "Amendments."

ATTEST: GEORGE WURTS,
Secretary of the Senate.
CUMMINS O. COOPER,
Clerk of the House of Assembly.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE.

Resolved, by the Senate the General Assembly concurring, That the following amendments to the constitution of this state be agreed to:

ARTICLE IV., SECTION I., PARAGRAPH 3. Strike out the words "yearly and every year," after the word "November," insert the words "in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and every second year thereafter."

ARTICLE IV., SECTION II., PARAGRAPH 1. Strike out the word "three" and insert in lieu thereof the word "four."

ARTICLE IV., SECTION II., PARAGRAPH 2. Strike out the whole paragraph, which is in the following words:

"As soon as the senate shall meet after the first election to be held in pursuance of this constitution, they shall divide as equally as may be into three classes; the seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the first year; of the second class at the expiration of the second year, and of the third class at the expiration of the third year, so that one class may be elected every year and if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, the persons elected to supply such vacancies shall be elected for unexpired terms only," and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"The senate meeting in January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, shall be divided as equally as may be into two classes; the seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, and of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, so that one class may be elected every second year; if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, the persons elected to supply such vacancies shall be elected for unexpired terms only."

ARTICLE IV., SECTION III., PARAGRAPH 1. Strike out the word "annually," and insert in lieu thereof the word "biennially."

ARTICLE IV., SECTION IV., PARAGRAPH 7. Strike out the word "annually," and insert in lieu thereof the word "biennially."

C. M. Englehart & Son.



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Silver & Plated Ware.

Agents for the Howard Watch Co.

Masonic Marks & Badges

Rogers & Bro. Celebrated Plated Ware.

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Doors, Sash, Blinds,
Shutters, Mouldings, Window-Frames,
Brackets, Lattice Sash Railing, Balustrades and New Posts, Lime, Calced Plaster, Land Plaster, Plastering Hair, Cement, Bricks, Building Stone, &c., &c., &c.

BUILDING LUMBER OF ALL KINDS CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Cedar Shingles
at the lowest market rates.

30 qt. Berry Crates, filled with Baskets furnished at \$1 each.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

COAL.

Thankful for past patronage, we solicit the continuance. Our prices are below competition. Consult your own interests and see us before engaging coal elsewhere.

We are ready to take orders to fill from cars

We have

The Only Coal Yard,

And the only place in Hammonton where you can get coal at any time and in any quantity, large or small, and any size. Is a yard in Hammonton a benefit and convenience? If so help sustain it. Terms—Cash on delivery of Coal. All orders for coal on cars, not filled in the month in which order is given, will be subject to the monthly change in prices.

G. F. SEXTON,
Hammonton, Aug. 14, 1880.

WM. MOORE, Jr.

Attorney-at-Law

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

May Landing, N. J.

Insurance.

CUMBERLAND MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company.

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Conducted on strictly mutual principles, offering a perfectly safe insurance for just what it may cost to pay losses and expenses. The proportion of loss to the amount insured being very small, and expenses much less than usually had, nothing can be offered more favorable to the insured. The cost being about ten cents on the hundred dollars per year to the insured on ordinary risks, and from fifteen to twenty-five cents per year on hazardous properties, which is less than one-third of the lowest rates charged by stock companies, on such risks—the other two-thirds taken by stock companies being a profit accruing to stockholders, or consumed in expenses of the companies.

The guarantee fund of premium notes being now Three Millions of Dollars.

If an assessment had to be made of five per cent. only, twice within the ten years for which the policy is issued, it would yet be cheaper to the members than any other insurance offered. And that large amount of money is saved to the members and kept at home. No assessment having ever been made, being now more than thirty years, that saving would amount to more than

One Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars

The Losses by Lightning.

Where the property is not set on fire, being less than one cent per year to each member, are paid without extra charge, and extended so as to cover all policies that are issued and outstanding.

BENJAMIN SHEPPARD, President.

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Trees!! Trees!! Trees!!

I have the largest variety and best assortment of Shade and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Hedge Plants, Shrubs, Plants, Bulbs, &c., in Atlantic Co. Also, Apple, Pear, Peach and Cherry Trees of the best varieties. All of which I offer at prices as low as any in the country.

Call and examine my stock.

WM. F. BASSETT,

Bollevue Ave. Nurseries, Hammonton, N. J.

GEO. FOELKER,

Wholesale Dealer in

Carpets, Oil Cloths,

YARNS, TWINES, WICKS, BATTS, &c., &c.

WOODEN & WILLOW WARE,

249 Market and 236 Church Sts., Philada.

DYSPEPTICS. TAKE NOTICE!

CANTRELL'S

ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

POWDER

Will cure all cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency, Heartburn, Sick Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, etc., etc. To be had of all Druggists, and at the Depot, 1000 S. SECOND St., Phila., Pa.

M. L. JACKSON

IS SELLING

FRESH BEEF,

MUTTON, VEAL & PORK,

Corned Beef, Sugar-Cured Ham,

Lard, Salt Pork, &c.

Also,

YORK STATE BUTTER

Older, a Pure Elder Vinegar

CONSTANTLY ON HAND. ALSO

Vegetables in Season.

Our wagon runs through the town on Wednesdays and Saturdays

Railroads.

Camden & Atlantic R. R.

Monday, Oct. 4th, 1880.

DOWN TRAINS.

| Stations. | H. | A. | A. | M. | F. | S. | A. |
|---------------------|------|------|------|-------|----|----|------|
| Philadelphia..... | 6 00 | 4 10 | 8 00 | | | | 5 00 |
| Cooper's Point..... | 5 12 | 4 25 | 8 10 | 4 00 | | | 5 10 |
| Penn. R. R. Junc. | 6 18 | 4 31 | 8 16 | | | | 5 16 |
| Haddonfield..... | 6 34 | 4 42 | 8 26 | 4 35 | | | 5 26 |
| Ashland..... | 6 44 | 4 48 | 8 32 | 4 45 | | | 5 32 |
| Kirkwood..... | 6 50 | 4 53 | 8 37 | 5 05 | | | 5 37 |
| Berlin..... | 7 05 | 5 00 | 8 48 | 5 40 | | | 5 48 |
| Atco..... | 7 15 | 5 14 | 8 54 | 5 55 | | | 5 54 |
| Waterford..... | 7 25 | 5 24 | 9 04 | 6 22 | | | 6 04 |
| Ancoea..... | 7 30 | 5 29 | 9 09 | 6 30 | | | 6 09 |
| Winslow Junc..... | 7 35 | 5 33 | 9 14 | 6 35 | | | 6 14 |
| Hammonton..... | 7 42 | 5 43 | 9 21 | 7 10 | | | 6 21 |
| Da Costa..... | 6 58 | 5 48 | 9 25 | 7 15 | | | 6 25 |
| Elwood..... | 6 57 | 5 35 | 9 30 | 7 35 | | | 6 35 |
| Egg Harbor..... | 6 07 | 5 45 | 9 45 | 7 45 | | | 6 45 |
| Pomona..... | 6 17 | 5 55 | 9 55 | 7 55 | | | 6 55 |
| Absecon..... | 6 27 | 6 05 | 9 25 | 10 05 | | | 7 05 |
| Atlantic..... | 6 40 | 6 18 | 9 45 | 10 18 | | | 7 18 |
| May's Landing..... | 6 50 | 6 30 | | | | | |

UP TRAINS.

| Stations. | H. | A. | A. | M. | F. | S. | A. |
|---------------------|------|------|-------|------|----|----|------|
| Philadelphia..... | 7 35 | 9 20 | 5 50 | | | | 6 20 |
| Cooper's Point..... | 7 25 | 9 12 | 5 43 | 3 40 | | | 6 12 |
| Penn. R. R. Junc. | 7 24 | 9 08 | 5 38 | | | | 6 07 |
| Haddonfield..... | 7 07 | 8 58 | 5 28 | 3 15 | | | 5 55 |
| Ashland..... | 6 57 | 8 52 | 5 22 | 3 02 | | | 5 49 |
| Kirkwood..... | 6 52 | 8 48 | 5 17 | 2 55 | | | 5 44 |
| Berlin..... | 6 40 | 8 35 | 5 06 | 2 50 | | | 5 34 |
| Atco..... | 6 32 | 8 28 | 5 00 | 2 15 | | | 5 28 |
| Waterford..... | 6 24 | 8 19 | 4 52 | 2 00 | | | 5 20 |
| Ancoea..... | 6 18 | 8 13 | 4 47 | 1 43 | | | 5 14 |
| Winslow Junc..... | 6 13 | 8 08 | 4 42 | 1 35 | | | 5 09 |
| Hammonton..... | 6 05 | 8 00 | 4 35 | 1 10 | | | 5 02 |
| Da Costa..... | 7 55 | 4 17 | 12 52 | 4 57 | | | |
| Elwood..... | 7 46 | 4 19 | 12 40 | 4 47 | | | |
| Egg Harbor..... | 7 36 | 4 10 | 12 15 | 4 40 | | | |
| Pomona..... | 7 26 | 3 59 | 11 50 | 4 29 | | | |
| Absecon..... | 7 15 | 3 49 | 11 30 | 4 19 | | | |
| Atlantic..... | 7 00 | 3 35 | 11 00 | 4 05 | | | |
| May's Landing..... | 7 10 | 3 45 | | | | | |

Hammonton Sunday Accommodation leaves Hammonton at 6:25 a. m., arriving at Philadelphia 9:50, and returning leaves Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m., reaching Hammonton at 5:56.

Philadelphia & Atlantic City

Time-table of Sept. 12, 1880.

| | M'd | A. | Acc. | Sund'y |
|----------------------------|------|-------|------|--------|
| Philadelphia..... | A.M. | P.M. | A.M. | P.M. |
| Camden..... | 4 45 | 8 20 | 4 22 | 8 00 |
| Oakland..... | 4 59 | 8 27 | 4 29 | 8 02 |
| Williamstown Junction..... | 6 08 | 9 03 | 5 10 | 9 06 |
| Cedar Brook..... | 6 23 | 9 10 | 5 18 | 9 14 |
| Winslow..... | 6 55 | 9 21 | 5 31 | 9 24 |
| Hammonton..... | 7 12 | 9 27 | 5 38 | 9 31 |
| Da Costa..... | 7 25 | 9 32 | 5 43 | 9 37 |
| Elwood..... | 7 43 | 9 41 | 5 50 | 9 45 |
| Egg Harbor..... | 8 20 | 9 11 | 6 00 | 9 55 |
| Philadelphia..... | 9 05 | 10 10 | 6 25 | 10 21 |
| Atlantic City, Ar..... | 9 25 | 10 30 | 6 40 | 10 32 |