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HAMMONTON, N. J., OCTOBER 7, 1893.

NO. 40

We sold the first drove of Sheep out quick. We have bought about forty more, which cost a little higher, but will sell them at the same low prices, viz: Hind-qrs., 10 c. pr pound; Fore-qrs., 5 c.; Leg, 12 c.

Now is the time to have Corned Beef and Cabbage—this cool weather. We have a few hundred pounds of Corned Beef which we want out of our way before we commence to cut up Pork. Therefore, for a week or ten days, or as long as it lasts, we will sell Corned Beef at prices to astonish you. Every pound warranted good, or money refunded.

M. L. JACKSON.

FLOUR. FLOUR.

We thought the Flour market had reached its "bed rock" some time ago; but it has again "slumped,"—seems to be bottomless as to prices.—We refrain from quoting, only in a general way,—might frighten you. Enough to say, can give

Good Flour, \$3.75 to \$5

Per barrel, with several grades and prices between these extremes. Every bbl. warranted, and delivered free of charge.

Now, just a word on another line. We have a few *real bargains* in some fine

Imported English Decorated

Dinner, Tea & Toilet Sets.

Note the prices we quote to start them,—

100-piece Dinner Set, 3 styles and colors, \$8.40

56-piece Tea Set, 3 styles and colors, \$3.60

10-piece Toilet Set, 2 colors, \$2.40

We know these are very low figures for these goods, but we want you to have them while they last, which won't be very long. We look for a rush,—“Don't get left.”

ELVINS & ROBERTS

Bellevue Ave. and Main Road.

HAMMONTON, N. J.

DID YOU EVER

Stop to think what a fine piece of mechanism your watch is?—and that you are injuring it by letting it run too long without having it cleaned and oiled?

A watch is injured more in one month, when running dirty, than in a year's time when properly cleaned and oiled.

Why neglect to have it cleaned, when you can get it done, and guaranteed, for One Dollar?

AT DUDLEY'S,
HAMMONTON, N. J.

Our World's Fair Letter.

CHICAGO, 1893.

Better than learning how many rooms in the Vatican, how ancient Rome was supplied with water, or what chance Gladstone has of passing his home rule bill, is to know what the resources of one's own country are, and how they are related to the needs of the people. A day at the Mines and Mining building will add a large store to one's knowledge and be almost as enjoyable as finding a gold mine.

Enter at the South door, and the world's silver deposits greet you,—Colorado on the right, and Mexico on the left; each with its piles of silver ore and tables and diagrams showing annual production. Montana is now the great silver State, and her booth, adjoining Colorado, receives more than its share of attention. The reason is that it possesses a wonderful attraction in the way of a solid silver statue of Ada Rehan. She poses as "Justice," standing with balance in one hand and sword in the other. In the two sides of the balance are gold and silver money respectively, and they balance each other. The most remarkable thing about the Mexican display is its exhibit of rose garnet. It is a new kind of precious stone, of which only one deposit is known. It is cut, sawed, and polished like precious stones, and will be used in architectural decoration, for making mantels, wall panels, table and bureau tops.

The diamond fields of South Africa are represented by Tiffany & Company. Diamond washing occurs every day from 12 to 2. The dirt is shipped here just as it is mined, and washed in the presence of a crowd.

Across the aisle is California, with its gold fields, and gold ores. Large yellow blocks present to the eye the annual find of gold. Here also is something hardly to be duplicated elsewhere,—the California pictured onyx. A great many slabs of purest onyx are exhibited, each with a different picture. On one side is a bit of sky with zephyr clouds floating about; on another are bold mountain peaks; on another, wooded mountain sides, deep valleys and recesses. You would suppose that by some new art they had been printed there. But nature is the printer.

Adjoining this is the Wisconsin exhibit. Besides good building stones, there are two remarkable things here. The Wisconsin pearls are exhibited from 12 to 5 daily. They vary in size from a small pea up, worth from \$5 to \$50,000,—their value depending not on size, but on form and color. The other exhibit is that of American china. It is American color on American goods. The Watwotosa clay, found in Wisconsin, makes excellent pottery. A lady in Milwaukee makes china colors, and is also the patentee of a gas kiln for burning china. These colors, when applied and burned upon common crockery, as for instance a butter crock such as is found in every farmer's kitchen, make it worth \$15, or applied to a common flower pot make it worth \$6. There is one piece that every visitor ought to notice,—a baptismal bowl of plain design, but the decorations are so elegant and correct that it will compare favorably with foreign china exhibits. Its value is \$2,000.

The great Stumm iron works, of Germany, fill one with awe as he looks upon the picture. A great wall of painted tilings, in an iron frame, make the background. In front are two iron trees 60 feet high, made of pieces of iron pipe fitted together; and exhibited on frames are pieces of iron a foot wide and an inch thick twisted and folded like string or ribbons.

In the centre of the main aisle stands a shaft of coal 50 feet high, showing the thickness of a single seam in one of the Pennsylvania mines. Near by, in a large case, is a very valuable exhibit of platinum, which you know, is a trifle more costly than gold. Here is a large round tray three feet in diameter lined with gold; also two covered platinum pans five feet long connected by pipes, worth \$20,000. In front lies a block of

pure palladium eight inches square and two inches thick; its value is \$35,000.

In the New South Wales exhibit are respectable piles of tin and copper blocks and of pieces of silver ore. In a case, among other large pieces of gold, is found the "Maitland" nugget weighing 314 oz. and worth \$6000.

Near the center of the building is a unique display of carved salt. First a gentle looking salt cow, life size, stares at you meekly; and then you stare at a model of Bartholdi's "Liberty Enlightening the World," carved in salt. Another salt wonder, while I am on the subject, is in another part of the building in the Louisiana exhibit. It is Lot's wife. Here, too, the artistic skill reveals itself, and I think almost any one would recognize her without the tag.

The Pennsylvania exhibit is one of the most interesting here. The specimens of petroleum and its kindred oils seem to show an almost endless variety. There is a model mine at work, and a breaker, complete with engines, shafts, cars and elevators. The engines are all running and machinery in motion. Near this is a model iron mine and furnace such as was used in Asia 400 years B. C. It was made by a Penn. student, and shows a great amount of thought and study.

ADAM ANTINE

Change of time on the Atlantic City Railroad. Trains now leave Hammonton as follows:

Up, — Acc., 8:07; Exp., 8:07; Acc., 8:20; Exp., 8:20; Acc., 8:41; Exp., 8:41; Acc., 5:20.

Down, — Acc., 9:19 A.M.; Exp., 9:52; Acc., 3:53 P.M.; Exp., 5:52; Acc., 6:55; Exp., 7:57.

Ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed is expected to address the Convention of Republican League Clubs of this State which is to be held in Trenton some time this month.

A terrible bore—the inside of a 15 inch gun.

AN OLD SOLDIER MADE HAPPY.—“During my term of service in the army, I contracted chronic diarrhoea,” says A. E. Bending, of Halsey, Oregon, “since then I have used a great amount of medicine, but when I found any that would give me relief it would injure my stomach, until Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhoea Remedy was brought to my notice. I used it, and will say that it is the only remedy that gave me permanent relief and no bad results follow.” For sale by Cochran, druggist.

At the New Store!

Bellevue Avenue
Above Second Street.

The Ladies

will find a

Fine Assortment
OF

Summer Millinery.

Embroideries,
Laces,
Neckties,
Silks,

Buttons,
Corsets,
Gloves,
Hosiery,
Veiling,
Stick Pins,
Hat Pins,
Hair Pins,
Handkerchiefs,
Dress Trimmings.

And a
1000
or more
other
necessities
at
City Prices
and less.

Bargains in Straw Hats,
—going below cost.

M. E. THOMAS.

BIG CUT

In Prices of

Groceries

—AT—

Elam Stockwell's

Now is your time for bargains.

If you are looking for them,
call and be convinced for
yourself.

Orders taken
and delivered.

Our Remnant Sale

Every Friday,

In the Dry Goods Department.

E. STOCKWELL,

Hammonton, N. J.

COAL YARD

Having stocked my yard for the winter
with the best grades of

LEHIGH COAL

I am prepared to furnish it in large or
small quantities, at shortest notice,
and as low as any.

Your patronage solicited.

W. H. Bernhouse,

Office in Wm. Bernhouse's office.

Yard opposite the Saw Mill.

Kirk Spear, Jr.,

Plain and Ornamental

Plastering and
Bricklaying.

Hammonton, N. J.

Jobbing promptly attended to

Orders by mail will receive prompt
attention.

Henry Kramer,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

FANCY SHINGLES

Posts, Pickets, etc.

BERRY CRATES.

Folsom, N. J.

Lumber sawed to order.
Orders received by mail promptly filled.
Prices Low.

HARNESS.

A full assortment of hand and machine
made,—for work or driving.

Trunks, Valises, Whips,
Riding Saddles, Nets, etc.

L. W. COGLEY,
Hammonton, N. J.

SONGS OF THE SEASON.

The trumpet's a strainer from the... The horn's a strainer from the... The trombone's a strainer from the...

THE SWEETHEART.

The cool June light was sitting through the screen of grape leaves... The bough of scarlet-berries in the handless blue pitcher was carefully faded yet...

MUCH IN A NAME.

"Come, Mousie?" he called at the head of the cabin stairs... "Hello, Mellis!" and the whistling of the steamer blew, and again the man peered anxiously down the cabin stairs over the side of the up-rush of crowd...

MARRIED, BUT MONEYLESS.

A Young Man in a suit of black... Sergeant Elphinstone Conkling was scratching idly at the top of his head...

GATHERED BY OUR PATENTED REAPER.

What is the meaning of the term 'reaper' which I see in the news papers sometimes? asked Mrs. Snages.

OURSELVES.

What is the meaning of the term 'ourselves' which I see in the news papers sometimes? asked Mrs. Snages.

VALLEY FORGE.

Enemies of the continental army swarmed in Philadelphia. Lord Howe was in possession of the city. British officers in gay uniformed with the loyalists...

AN AMUSING TRICK.

How can a gas jet be lighted from another without the intervention of a match? asked a young man...

NAMED FOR THEIR UNCLE.

A woman spending the summer in an isolated farmhouse was much amused by the rather masculine sound of the names of the host's six daughters...

THE AMERICAN IVY.

The American ivy, or Virginia creeper, is a perfect hardy vine, a vigorous grower...

THE WILD TURKEY.

In reply to an inquiry, the Home Department has been advised by the Wild Turkey native of North America...

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Illustration of a man and woman.

REV. DR. TALMAGE

THE BROOKLYN DIVINE'S DAY SERMON.

Subject: "A Proposition to Celebrate the Nineteen Hundredth Birthday of Christ by an International Jubilee."

Text: "To be a child in years, is to be a child in heart." Isaiah 46:12

That is a tremendous hour in the history of our race when an immortal spirit is incarnated. Out of a very dark night, a very bright morning. On the day of our birth, we are all children.

Beautiful and appropriate is the custom of celebrating the birthday of such an event. It is the anniversary of the birth of our race.

Protestant and Catholic and Greek churches with all their members, and all the people of the world, should join in a common celebration.

The death of one century and the birth of another is a great event in the history of our race.

That as that season will be the nineteenth hundredth anniversary of a Saviour's birth, it is a great event in the history of our race.

Let us have the Centennial at Philadelphia, the anniversary of the birth of our Nation, and the anniversary of our Nation's birth.

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At this time, could all Nations so well as to have a common celebration of the birth of our race?

Question this second—How would you have it? All nations should be marshaled, and all the people of the world should join in a common celebration.

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QUEEN OF THE ISLAND.

A Pretty Story Contributed by Mrs. W. H. Hudson, in his interesting "Idle Days in Patagonia," has a pretty story of a cow and some pigs.

Close to the mouth of the river there is a low, flat island, about a mile in length, covered in most part by a dense growth of coarse grass and rushes.

Many years ago, while some gauchos were driving truen or half-wild cows near the shore on the neighboring mainland, a heifer took to the water and succeeded in swimming to the island, where she was kept by her owner.

Presently one of the drove came aware of the man's presence and gave the alarm, whereupon they started up like one animal and vanished into a rush-bed.

The cow, thus doomed to live alone, yet not alone, was subsequently seen on several occasions by the rush-cutters, always with her like a body of water.

This continued for some years, and the fame of the cow that had become the leader and queen of the wild island spread abroad in the valley.

At length, a hunter, who was not a sentimentalist, took himself to the little kingdom with a musket, loaded with ball, and succeeded in finding and shooting her.

In spite of what the hunter had taught, it is sometimes lone on us that man is a little lower than the brutes.

FAUCONS CAN CARRY GREATER WEIGHT IN FLIGHT THAN THE BIRDS.

Falcons can carry greater weight in flight than the birds. A falcon can carry a weight of four Russian pounds, or 1,840 grams (30 grams) more than a bird.

Whether this is due to the fact that the falcon is a bird of prey, or to the fact that it is a bird of prey, is not known.

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SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

REDEMPTION IN CHRIST. (Rom. 3:19-26. Memory Verse: 24.)

LESSON PLAN. TOPIC OF THE QUARTER: Blood-Redemption in the Kingdom.

GOLDEN TEXT FOR THE QUARTER: The kingdom of God is not meat and drink, but righteousness, and peace, and joy in the Holy Ghost.—Rom. 14:17.

LESSON OBJECTS: 1. Comprehension—Discern the meaning of the text. 2. Retention—Remember the text. 3. Application—Live the text.

DAILY HOME READINGS: M.—Rom. 3:19-26. Redemption in Christ. T.—Rom. 3:19-26. Redemption in Christ.

LESSON ANALYSIS. I. COMPENSATION DISCLOSED. 1. The Voice of the Law: The law is a curse to them that are under it (Rom. 7:10).

II. THE GUILT OF THE WORLD: All the world may be brought under the judgment of God (Rom. 3:19).

III. A RIGHTEOUSNESS ACCORDANT WITH SCRIPTURE: Being witnessed by the law and the prophets (Rom. 2:13).

IV. A RIGHTEOUSNESS ACCORDANT WITH FAITH: Through faith in Jesus Christ (Rom. 3:24).

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XII. A RIGHTEOUSNESS ACCORDANT WITH FAITH: Through faith in Jesus Christ (Rom. 3:24).

TEA GROWN IN SOUTH AMERICA.

A Substitute for the Chinese Article Used by Thousands in This Country.

"Taste that," said a tea merchant to a New York Tribune reporter the other day, "is how I handed him a certain amount of tea, and he said that it looked like a tobacco pipe resting in his bowl downward."

"What is it?" he asked. "It is the just what it is," answered the merchant, "but it's a brand of tea I'm pretty sure you never tasted before."

"Perhaps not," admitted the reporter, "but what is it?" "That is the question," said the merchant, "and it is a question that I will answer for you."

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RAM'S HORN BLASTS.

Warning Notes Calling the Wicked to Repentance.

"The time is now," said the prophet, "for the wicked to turn from their evil ways, and for the righteous to stand firm in their righteousness."

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THE SOLOMON ISLANDS.

Cannibals in All Practiced in the Pacific.

The Solomon Islands, recently annexed by England, are the largest and the most beautiful of any in the Pacific Ocean. There are seven or eight large, mountainous islands, varying in length from seventy to 100 miles, and a great number of smaller islands, ranging from fifteen to twenty miles long.

The Solomon Islands are of a mixed race, varying between the most Malay type and the darkest Melanesian. They are all of the same race, and are well formed and the women, in their youth, are handsome and attractive. The condition of the women among them, as in most of the other islands, is one of subjection. The wife is the household slave. She is completely in the power of her husband for life or death.

Wives are bought and sold just like other commodities. Among the wealthy chiefs polygamy is freely practiced. It was on one of these islands that the English yachtsman, the "Porpoise," was captured by the natives. He was carried to the woods. He never came back. A party vald searched for him and very goodly landed on the island were done up in wrappers on which was printed: "Bate, we are looking for you."

Head-hunting is still carried on to some extent in connection with cannibalism, but much more from the desire of the natives to obtain the skulls as a token of power. The custom has also a sacrificial aspect, in case of the death of a chief a head must be provided, and the completion of a bamboo house must be signalled in the same way. Within the radius of the head-hunting districts no native can be said to enjoy the life of a free man. The custom is now, however, carried on less openly than in former times. Every chief has his butcher or headman, who is an important member of the household. When a captive is taken in war, he is carried to the completion of a bamboo house, must be signalled in the same way. Within the radius of the head-hunting districts no native can be said to enjoy the life of a free man. The custom is now, however, carried on less openly than in former times. Every chief has his butcher or headman, who is an important member of the household. 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