

GOD'S ANVIL.

Behold the furnace heat within me glows,
God's breath upon the flame doth blow,
And, all my heart in anguish shivers,
And trembles at the fiery glow;
And yet I whisper—as God will!
And in his hottest fire, hold still.

He comes and lays my heart, all heated,
On the hard anvil, underneath
Into his own fair shape to beat it
With his great hammer, blow on blow;
And yet I whisper—as God will!
And at his heaviest blows, hold still.

He takes my softened heart and beats it;
The sparks fly off at every blow;
He turns it over and over and heats it,
And lets it cool, and makes it glow;
And yet I whisper—as God will!
And in his hottest fire, hold still.

Why should I murmur for the sorrow
That only longer-lived would be;
Its end may come, and will to-morrow,
When God has done his work in me;
So as I say trusting—as God will!
And, trusting to the end, hold still.

He kindles for my profit purely
Affliction's glowing, fiery brand,
And all his heaviest blows are surely
Inflicted by a master's hand;
So I say praying—as God will!
And hope in him, and suffer still.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 29, 1879.

Despairing of success, or of resisting the insidious uprising of the loyal North against the disloyal South, the Democrats are inventing many slanders and roboracks which require constant denial. One of these is that, Hon. E. B. Washburne has been constantly corresponding with Gen. Grant touching the next Presidency. Mr. Washburne denies totally this allegation. Although they have been in constant correspondence, Gen. Grant never has said anything about the Presidency, but he has said that he looked forward to the time when he could be happily located again at his old home in Galena. A rumor is abroad that Gen. Grant is in favor of nominating his old friend Senator Windom, of Minnesota.

Another slanderous report is that Senator Blaine refused to go to Ohio because of jealousy of Sec'y Sherman as a Presidential candidate. Senator Blaine telegraphs here an emphatic denial, and says he is going to work in Ohio until Foster's election in October, and thereafter wherever his services will benefit the Republic. The Republicans are united and hopeful, and none of these little Democratic tricks can divide or demoralize them.

Still another report, for campaign effect, is that Senator Bruce has discovered grand frauds in the Freedmen's Bank investigation, and has reported them to the newspapers. Senator Bruce emphatically denies the report, and says it is purely of Democratic invention.

The usual falling off in the State vote of off years did not appear in Maine this year. Neither will it appear in New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts or Ohio, where the Republicans are determined to get out every vote to resist the Confederate usurpation and Greenback dishonesty. It is interesting to note the result of the voting, thus far this year, compared with the last Presidential election in the same States. The States in which elections have been held are California, Kentucky, Maine, Michigan, Rhode Island and Wisconsin. We have comparatively complete returns from them all, and they show these results, so far as the Republican and Democratic votes are concerned. Aggregate Republican votes in 1876 in these six States, 555,482; aggregate Democratic vote 561,208; Democratic majority, 5,726. Aggregate Republican vote in 1879 in the same States, 457,658; aggregate Democratic vote, 399,643; Republican majority, 67,015; Republican net gain, 72,741. That will do to begin the year with. The other States, however, will improve the exhibit.

The Greenbackers seem to have got through of fusion with the Democrats. Maine did a good deal towards sickening them. They have just issued their call for a national convention to meet in St. Louis, January 8th, to nominate a candidate for President, and in it they say that, non-Union members of Greenback clubs, in good standing, will be admitted, and there will be no fusion with either of the old parties at any time, or under any circumstances. The people demand the unconditional surrender of both the old parties and their lasting disignment from public service. But it is probable that after the coming elections are over, this bonafide party will find its occupation pretty thoroughly gone.

It is announced that Sec'y Everts will make a few speeches in New York during the present campaign, and that he is out-poken in favor of doing everything to secure the success of the Republican ticket. In fact every Republican seems anxious to take a hand in giving the opposition a deep burial this year. MAXWELL.

Wannmaker & Brown are decorating and improving, and adorning their handsome sales-rooms at the corner of 6th and Market St., Philadelphia. On the exterior the beautifying process attracts the attention of passers, who exclaim, "Wonderful!" On the interior, the improvements will give greater facilities, and add greatly to its pleasing looks, and give greater convenience to everybody, purchasers included.

So great has been the demand for the following, we, by urgent request republish it. It has proved a popular story—

A Brief History of the Fruit Growers' Union,

Also a Report of the Fruit Shipped Under its Auspices this Season, to Date, August 30th, 1879.

In the Spring of 1865 the strawberry crop in the town of Hammonton gave such promise as to demand another and larger market than that to which all its fruit had hitherto been shipped, namely, Philadelphia. There was then no direct route, as now, to New York City. The Delaware and Raritan Bay Road terminated at Atco. A branch extended to Jackson, now Atco. There was then no organization of Fruit Growers or much of any other, for that matter, for nearly all the able-bodied men were off to war, and did not return until the strawberry crop had been harvested, largely by the aid of women. Somebody must move on his own responsibility in the matter of opening up a route, and that somebody, we find on investigation, was Somerby, Capt. Abram Somerby. He went to New York and saw Mr. Swoeden, and then back to Camden and paid a visit to the officials of the Camden & Atlantic Railroad. The result was, a car was to be run from Hammonton to New York, by way of Jackson and Atco, at a freight of \$75 per car, the Captain making himself personally responsible for that amount of freight. For this labor and expense the Captain deserved, and no doubt received the thanks of fruit growers, but nothing more. But no man could be expected to do this kind of work long, for that kind of pay.

Fruit growers saw the necessity of an organization in which expenses incurred for the benefit of all should be shared by all, as their respective interests should appear. Hence the origin of the society of Fruit Growers, first under the name of Farmer's Club, afterwards under the name of Fruit Growers' Union. It was organized in the fall of winter of 1865, and has the officers common to all similar bodies, and also a board of directors to whom is entrusted the general management of its affairs. To secure to itself legal rights, it has its full record in the County Archives, and is able to bring to justice all aggressors upon its rights, from the man who unlawfully appropriates an empty berry crate, to the man who should carelessly or maliciously wreck a train load of fruit. The Directors and other officers are elected annually, and the Directors annually elect an agent to transact business abroad. Mr. William Elvins was the first agent, and Capt. A. Somerby the second. It was during the Captain's agency that a little unpleasantness arose between certain railroad companies, in consequence of which the Delaware & Raritan road stopped running, and, as the boys sometimes put it, "dried up." Cut off from New York by the first route he had opened, the Captain's sailor qualities came to his rescue again, and he says, "If we can't go to New York by one route, we will try another." Then followed a negotiation between him and the old Camden & Amby and Camden & Atlantic Railroad Companies, which resulted in the construction of a Y at the junction of these two roads, on which our fruit was turned off the Camden & Atlantic Railroad without re-handling, and rolled on to New York at a total freight of two cents a quart. The Captain, to this day, says he rather had to stretch the quantity of fruit to be sent from here, to give sufficient inducement for the construction of that switch. However, enough was sent to satisfy both the roads for their investment. Those were days of high freights, but also of big returns. The Captain's book for 1865 shows the gross sales of one acre of strawberries produce 4,182 qts., at \$516.65, and the net at \$360.34. Want of time forbids our following the history of the Union farther than to say, our Union now numbers about 100 members, and has for its President Mr. Thomas Rogers, our Blackberry King, who this year shipped over 1,150 bushels, and would have sent more, only he didn't have them. It is rather late in the day to introduce to our guests, these railroad officials, our present agent, Mr. John Soullin.

The undersigned was appointed by the Union to ascertain, for purposes of its own, the amount of fruit shipped this year, under its auspices. Thanking the agents of the several companies for the assistance rendered, we submit the following report as the result of a careful and thorough examination, so far as the shipment of fruit is concerned, of the books of the companies here represented:

Total amount of berries sent to Philadelphia,	218,470 qts.
Total to New York and beyond,	527,934 qts.
Total from the town,	740,404 qts.
If we bulk this up a little we can see it better. In bushels it is	25,322.
In tons,	740,508 lbs.

It would load a string of one-horse teams as close as they could walk, over four miles long, giving each team one-half ton. We will bring it to the Fair in one train of 107 cars, 7 tons to the car. We will empty it all out in this room, which is forty by sixty feet, in one big black-

berry and strawberry jam, and it fills it to the depth of thirteen feet.

We give you the shipments by the week of that portion of our blackberry crop which was sent from North Hammonton:

Week ending	Quarts.	Freight.
July 12th,	82,950,	\$740.12
" " 19th,	196,280,	1,612.60
21st to 31st,	155,452,	1,381.53
To August 9th,	5,649,	45.59

Total of blackberries,	440,740,	\$3,779.84
" strawberries,	87,594,	665.19
Total from N. Ham'ton,	527,934,	\$4,445.03

Grapes sent to date over N. J. S. R. R.,	15 1/2 tons.
Pears " " " "	862 bushels.
Peas over the other roads,	670 bushels.
Total,	1,532 bushels

Sweet potatoes over N. J. Southern	1,000 bbls.
last Fall and this Spring,	
The heaviest shipment in one day,	
July 14th,	43,817 qts.
Freight,	\$358.51.

Respectfully submitted by P. H. BROWN, Assessor and Collector for F. G. Union.

Revenue and Customs Receipts.

A statement has been prepared at the Treasury Department of the receipts of internal revenue and customs for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1879. It appears that while the total receipts of internal revenue were \$113,561,610, New York, Illinois, and Ohio paid \$50,870,100. The total amount of internal revenue collected in the seceded States was \$11,027,088, of which three-fourths were collected in the States of North Carolina and Virginia. The collections in New York, which stood third on the list of Northern States, exceeded by about \$4,000,000 those in all the seceded States. While the comparisons respecting the receipts from customs in the North and the South are not significant, the differences are still greater. For example: Of the \$137,250,047 collected in all the United States, \$130,093,910 were collected in the five States of California, Maryland, Massachusetts, New York and Pennsylvania. In New York alone the collections were \$99,172,163. Only \$2,109,474 were collected in ten of the seceded States; in the eleventh, Arkansas, nothing was collected. This last-named State only paid in internal revenue to the amount of \$115,446.

We have received the *Phrenological Journal and Science of Health* for October, and find it filled with material at once lively, entertaining, crisp, instructive, and reasonable. The features which constitute this a scientific publication with a special department are prominent, but discussed in so pleasant a manner that we scarcely know that we are leaving important principles as we read the attractive pages. First in the order of contents we notice a leading railroad man, Daniel L. Harris; and next there are some very pertinent remarks on Precocious Children, which we would advise all dotting fathers and mothers to examine carefully. Then there is a pleasant little conversation on the nature of brain development, which knocks the under pinning out of the common talk we hear about "bumps" and "bumpology." Dr. Wines provides a second letter on Prison Reform. A new installment of Brain and Mind, entitled *The Physiologists and the Cerebellum*, appears in this number. A portrait is given of Christine Cox, the murderer of Mrs. Hull. There are many other topics of interest. The department allotted to Correspondents is rich in interesting counsel, and indeed the whole number is worthy a careful conscientious reading. The *Journal* is now published at the low price of \$2.00 a year, with a valuable book premium worth \$1.50, and the balance of this year (three months) free to new subscribers. A single number is 20 cents, but it is offered to new subscribers "On Trial" three months, including October number, for only 25 cents. Every reader of this paper should send 25 cents at once and see for themselves the peculiar merits and fascinating nature of this magazine. Letters should be addressed to S. R. WALLS & Co., Publishers, 737 Broadway, New York.

"THAT CHEAP ENCYCLOPEDIA."

Volume one of the new "Library of Universal Knowledge" was issued September 20th. It contains 736 pages of small but clear and beautiful type, handsomely printed on good paper, and is neatly and strongly bound in cloth, half morocco and half Russia, at 50 cents, 75 cents, and \$1.00 per volume. The succeeding volumes will appear about two each month, till the 20 volumes comprising the work are issued. Specimen volumes are sent to any part of the United States (30 cents extra for postage) with privilege of return after ten days examination. Special terms are offered to early subscribers and to clubs, of which full particulars are sent true on request by the publishers, the AMERICAN BOOK EXCHANGE, 55 Beekman St., New York.

That a complete Encyclopedia, first class in character, and containing more matter than any heretofore published in this country at any price, should be made and sold for the trifling sum of \$10.00, seems so extraordinary, that many who wish it may be true, are very naturally incredulous. The same house publish a large list of standard works, all at similarly low prices, and the presence of some of them already in the hands of hundreds of thousands of lovers of good books in all parts of the land, is naturally rapidly transforming the incredulous into patrons and enthusiastic friends of the enterprise. No mystery is made about the cause of the low prices—they are, the reduced cost of manufacture to about one half what it was a few years ago, the method of sale, direct to the purchaser, saving him the large commissions commonly paid to agents and dealers, and a very large sale. It is worth the cost of a postal card to see their catalogue.

The Onida Community made net profits of \$76,000 last year from 700 acres of land.

State Items.

There are 42 young men and 190 young women at the State Normal School this term.

The annual meeting of the West Jersey Presbytery will be held at Woodstown on the 7th of October.

It is estimated the production of silk manufactures in Paterson this year will reach fully \$10,000,000.

The net receipts of the State Fair amounted to about \$20,000. This sum exceeds the gains of any previous year.

The State Poultry Society will hold its next exhibition at Newark the last week in November or the first week in December.

A party of gentlemen from the West have purchased a valuable bog near Vineland, which they will use in growing cranberries.

The West Jersey and Atlantic Railroad is wonderfully popular with the people whose property is affected by its construction.

Benj. Noyes, the insurance man, who was released from the New Jersey State Prison, last week, was given a public reception on his return to New Haven.

War has been declared against the unlicensed liquor dealers at Long Branch, and the bar-tenders in the pier-pavilion and several small saloon keepers have been arrested.

Joseph Harris, of Vineland, charged with selling liquor without paying a tax, was held in \$1,000 bail by Judge Nixon, of the United States District Court, to appear for trial October 8th.

The great artesian well, now being bored at the State Reform School, has reached a depth of seven hundred feet. The water, however, is thoroughly charged with iron and is entirely useless for cooking purposes.

The trial of the case of the State against James M. Scovel, of Camden, who was charged with false pretenses, which has been pending in the Burlington County Court, at Mount Holly, for the last five terms, has been concluded. The jury could not agree and were discharged. They stood time for conviction and three for acquittal.

NEWS ITEMS.

The letter carriers in Philadelphia were paid off in gold, on Saturday last, the first time in seventeen years. The aggregate sum was \$13,000.

Five prominent Cuban slave holders owning in the aggregate 2,400 slaves, have emancipated them and contracted for their services during a term of five years.

An agreement has been signed by the Directors of the West Jersey Railroad Company and the Cape May and Millville Railroad Company for the consolidation and merger of the said two corporations into the West Jersey Railroad Company.

Of 25 young men designated to appear for examination for 2d Lieutenants in the army all but three passed. The deficiencies will be re-examined, and if they again fail, other appointments will be made. There are 25 more vacancies in the rank of 2d Lieutenants.

The *North American* says: There has been an enormous increase in the commerce of the city, both coastwise and foreign, in the last month, the arrivals at the port being more than double those of the corresponding month of last year. There has been some increase in the arrivals from foreign ports, but most of it is caused by the large addition to the fleet of coal schooners.

Internal Revenue Commissioner Raum, who has been stamping Ohio, gives these figures illustrative of Southern disregard for and contempt of the national government within the last three years:—Number of illicit stills seized in southern states, 2485; number of illicit stills seized in other states, 153; number of persons arrested in the southern states for illicit distilling, 5281; number of persons arrested in all other states for illicit distilling, 141.

There are no Federal soldiers in Delaware, Kentucky, Mississippi, Missouri, Tennessee or West Virginia. In the other Southern states there are a few, as follows: In Alabama, 32 United States soldiers in arsenal; in Arkansas 57; in Florida 182 United States soldiers in three separate barracks, navy-yards, etc.; in Georgia, 29; in Louisiana 239; in Maryland 192 at Fort Mchenry; in the Carolinas 30 United States soldiers at fort at mouth of Cape Fear, and guarding Charleston harbor; in Texas not one outside of frontier guard; in Virginia 283 United States soldiers at school of practice at Fortress Monroe; total, 1166; total population, 15,000,000. Yet we read about converting "sovereign states" into provinces, and there is ever and anon a howl of "reduce the army."

From the W. C. T. W. Opposition to Rum Survives.

Why is Beer Used?

"Chiefly, if not solely, for its stimulating or narcotic properties. No honest and intelligent man will question that beer of whatever name, contains more or less alcohol. Why deceive the working-man into the pretence that when he takes beer he is nourished or strengthened. There can be no such thing as wholesome beer; for in no way can alcohol be made anything but a "liquid poison." Dilute or mix with whatever you will, distilled or not, it is ever the same. Alcohol in beer, wine or cider, is exactly the same in ram, gin, brandy or whiskey.

A large share of our country drunkards take their first drinking lessons in cider while yet children. Even in the use of "boiled cider" we patronize and help to make the drunkard's drink. Dear friends can you not, to help the blessed temperance cause, stop splitting hairs, give up wholly the use of the dangerous, deceitful thing, and unequivocally register your name on the right side?

If it is fanaticism to urge the universal adoption of the practice of total abstinence from all distilled or fermented liquors, what term will apply to the following, which was the first temperance pledge ever given to man, and was dictated by God to Moses? "He shall separate himself from wine and strong drink, and shall drink no vinegar of wine, or vinegar of strong drink, neither shall he drink any liquor of grapes, nor eat moist grapes, or dried."—Numbers, vi., 13.

MULLICA.

The 4th Annual Fair

HAMMONTON PARK ASSOCIATION

will be held on the Park grounds on Tuesday & Wednesday, Oct. 14th & 15th.

All exhibits except cattle, swine and poultry, must be in the building on Monday afternoon, the 13th, so as to be properly arranged. Cattle, swine and poultry must be on the ground at 9 o'clock, A. M., Tuesday. Cash premiums to the amount of one-half of the entrance fees received on exhibits will be awarded in the different classes, also diplomas and meritorious notices will be given to the deserving exhibitors. Exhibitors for competition for the Premiums will pay one dollar entrance fee. They will receive exhibitors ticket, good during the fair and the cash premiums, diplomas or notices awarded them by the Judges. Persons not wishing to compete may exhibit any thing of merit, but will not be entitled to any premium or exhibitor's ticket.

Cash premiums, diplomas and meritorious notices will be awarded in the following classes:

- CLASS 1.—HORSES.
- Judges—A. S. Gay, A. Aitken, W. B. Murphy.
- CLASS 2.—CATTLE AND SWINE.
- Judges—A. Patten, S. H. Tyler, M. L. Jackson.
- CLASS 3.—POULTRY.
- Judges—W. Bornehouse, J. T. French, N. Scull.
- CLASS 4.—GRAIN, VEGETABLES AND ROOTS.
- Judges—T. Rogers, J. Feullin, J. Patten.
- CLASS 5.—FRUITS.
- Judges—D. L. Potter, W. F. Bassett, D. Colwell.
- CLASS 6.—FLOWERS, PLANTS, &c.
- Judges—J. O. Hanson, Gen. Biggs, H. D. Whitmore.
- CLASS 7.—NEEDLE-WORK, EMBROIDERY AND HOUSEHOLD FABRICS.
- Judges—H. E. Bowles, M. D. Madam Jas. Sibley, Mrs. C. M. Cathart.
- CLASS 8.—BREAD, CAKE, BUTTER, &c.
- Judges—Mrs. H. E. Bowles, Mrs. Wm. Black, W. F. Frost.

CLASS 9.—FARM IMPLEMENTS.

Judges—L. H. Parkhurst, E. R. Sproul, Capt. A. Somerby.

CLASS 10.—MANUFACTURED ARTICLES IN COUNTY.

Judges—E. Hall, L. G. Rogers, W. D. Wharton.

CLASS 11.—HARDWARE CUTLERY, &c.

Judges—J. McElwain, G. W. Freese, A. G. Clark.

CLASS 12.—MU-CILLANEOUS.

Judges—M. Parkhurst, L. W. Cogley, R. S. Byrnes.

Judges will report to the President for instructions at 9 o'clock, A. M., Tuesday. For further particulars apply to Geo. W. Freese, President, R. J. Byrnes, Secy., or any of the directors.

Trials of speed on each day of the fair, Morning and afternoon. Horses of the first class, now on the circuit, have been promised, to appear. It is expected, and the directors are making every effort to make this the most attractive and satisfactory fair of South Jersey.

COAL! COAL!

Now is the time to buy your winter fuel. Best quality of Stove coal, on cars

\$ 4 10 per 2240 lbs.

Cheapest, \$4.30 per 2240 lbs.

G. F. SEXTON.

Hammonton, Sept. 27th, '79.

A. W. COCHRAN, DRUGGIST,

Hammonton, N. J.,

Can be found at Mr. Rutherford's if wanted out of business hours, night or day. Ring ten bell at side door.

The Republican.

H. E. BOWLES M. D., Editor & Prop'r.
C. C. DOLE, Associate Editor.
HAMMONTON, ATLANTIC CO., N. J.
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1879.

The Republican Convention.
A convention of the Republican Party of Atlantic County will be held in Egg Harbor City on

NATURALIZATION, OCT. 18, 1879.
The citizens entitled to vote for every 25 Republican votes and one for every fraction of 25 votes cast for Congress at the last general election.

Attention is called to notice in days' paper, of the convention of Republicans to meet on the 18th inst., at Ertell's Hall, Egg Harbor City, at 1:30 p. m.

Wendell Phillips, it seems, didn't like his mate, the harness, the vest, nor the crown to be drawn, and so steps out. Sensible, if not wise.

The September report of the Department of Agriculture gives the following percentage of crops grown in New Jersey: Wheat, 95, oats 98, potatoes 96, sweet 91, apples 66, peaches 75, grapes 94.

Gen. Conway counts on a negro exodus 100,000 during the coming year, and says that he can find homes for 20,000 of the refugees in the different western States, where he has numerous applications for farm laborers.

It is reported that John Mosby, Consul to Hong Kong, China, has been invited to resign, for the reason of his having written a letter to the President instead of to the State department, which is a violation of etiquette. He has otherwise violated the rules of the consular regulation.

We do not favor the nomination of Gen. Grant in 1880, but if he is nominated he will be elected, for his nomination will stir the popular heart of the North as it has not been stirred since 1860. Abraham Lincoln was elected then by an overwhelming majority without the South, so would be Grant or any other good man. But no man would so thrill the pulse of the loyal masses like Gen. Grant.

The Faculty of Princeton College have recently had some trouble with five students, who went to Trenton, got drunk and made fools and brutes of themselves. They were ordered by the Faculty to leave, and declared them no longer to be students of the college. When students abandon themselves to dishonor and indecency, they should be thus summarily dealt with; but, in the case of these boys, the law's delay is a downright wrong to the community.

Our Washington correspondent gives some pointed facts connected with the political aspect which we commend to the careful perusal of our readers. In the six States that have already held their elections, the aggregate vote was in 1878 Republican, 555, 492, Democratic 561, 208; Democratic majority, 6792. Aggregate Republican vote in 1879 in the same States, 467, 658, Aggregate Democratic vote, 530, 443; Republican majority, 67,015. In this proportion holds out in the other States that are to hold their elections, as no doubt, from present indications, it will, the Democracy will be like the man a Western sheriff was after, whom he returned as "In an amputum, up stumpum, non est comitatus."

How Different.
It is not at all surprising, but it is a little curious to see how mincingly and coquettishly those papers are talking which only a short three years ago were using all sorts of abusive language about Gen. Grant. He was a "Gentle, a tyrant, a drunken despot, and—but it is no use to repeat the foul slanders. Now that Gen. Grant is on his return to his home from one of the most wonderful of journeys, in which he has been received by Kings, Emperors, princes, potentates and to the same uncontentions man that, he was before fame and honor were heaped upon him, these same papers turn with the popular feeling, and one would not suspect them of ever being guilty of vilely traducing him. Tho' there are some conceited simpletons who fear Grant will be the next President, are still heard deploring him. Those with the least brains make the most noise.

The multitude at Wasmaker's Grand Depot, 13th and 3rd Sts., Philadelphia, was greater on Saturday last, than on the preceding Saturday, when there were 30,000 people visited it. No wonder, for it is a museum of grand not surpassed by any place of the kind in this country.

The funeral services of the Rev. C. R. Hartshorn, of the New Jersey Conference, were held in the 3rd Street M. E. Church of Camden, on Monday last. The vast congregation crowded the great audience room to its utmost capacity. About one hundred of his ministerial brethren came from their various appointments to pay their last tribute of respect and affection to their beloved brother in the gospel, and shed a tear of sympathy with the bereaved relatives and sorrowing friends of this grand man.

Addresses were delivered by the Revs. G. K. Morris, William Pettenger, J. R. Westwood, R. A. Andrews and the Presiding Elder, S. Vansant. The services continued for three hours, the last forty minutes being necessary for the large assembly to view the remains of the deceased. The body of this man of God sleeps at Evergreen Cemetery, awaiting the first resurrection.

Beauties of Reconciliation.
Another instance of the working of the policy of the President, is that of an old gentleman by the name of Taylor, who in 1870, went to Greenbrier county, West Virginia, from Philadelphia, purchased 2,700 acres of land, and two years later moved his family there, built a fine residence, mill shop, a store, post office, church, school house, and several dwellings, and made the village of Salem. He expended \$100,000 and more in the place, and made it a fine Yankee settlement, and among any civilized people he would have been hailed as a noble man and a valuable acquisition. But he took an active part in politics. This damed him. So long as he spent his money and his time in the chivalrous cause of rebellion were reaping the benefit, and kept out of politics, it was all lovely. But when he exercised his right of a freeman, he was threatened with vengeance. His house was burned down, and anonymous letters were sent him with all sorts of threats if he did not get away. He left, but not till his mills, and nearly all his buildings, had been destroyed by fire. He abandoned all his property, and got away. He applied to our Government for redress, and was told there was none, and that the Government could give him no protection.

What is a government good for if it cannot protect its citizens? Other nations' flag is flying for the protection of its citizens, but our flag, which we hold so dear and love so well, is no protection to a citizen in his own native land, no more than it is abroad. What an acknowledgment for a representative of a government to make. It is enough to make a loyal American hang his head in shame, and the officer who would make such acknowledgment should be disgraced and forever disgraced. Let us go into mourning in sackcloth and ashes, for the flag which is the emblem of the Government whose boast is that it is the greatest, most powerful and the best Government on earth, and yet, without blush, acknowledges that it can give no protection to its citizens. If such is the beauty of reconciliation, we say, from such, "Ch. good Lord deliver us."

The Way it Looks.
Rebel brigades of the South are considerably concerned about the independent movement in Mississippi. The spirit is contagious, and other States are catching the spirit. It has been spreading, but the reb brigades are greatly troubled. But these rebels have a more efficacious remedy in such cases than they have for yellow fever, and it appears to indicate much life among Republicans in one or two States, it is head will be hit as soon as it begins to breathe, and with a noble pretext, as in the case of Chisolm, Dixon, Nix and others. To obviate any difficulty these disturbers of their peace may give, these reb brigades had under consultation, a plan by which the legislatures in the rebel States which meet next winter, can provide for the appointment of electors, and not be chosen by the people; and have extra sessions called, if necessary. They will have their own way, of course, for Independents nor Republicans care to run against torture and death, by shotgun and rifle. As long as these are the persuasive used, the Republican party is not going to be resurrected much in the South. The Republican is the party of law and order, and deprecates the shedding of blood, so that, under existing lawlessness and disregard for the government, it would be as reasonable to suppose that life could be imparted to a piece of marble as to suppose that the Republican party can be restored to its wonted vigor and strength in the South. To attempt it would be to meet the fate of the Sepoys. Nothing but the government, backed by bayonets, can ever reascend the life of the party of liberty, so long as the spirit of wrong and outrage, born of the basest passions of the human animal, remains rampant over that whole country. That spirit reigns there supreme, in utter defiance of all law, of righter justice, and will, until the government at Washington asserts its power and makes the rebels feel it.

Florida Canal.
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STOCK QUOTATIONS.
FROM DE WYATT & TOWNSEND, BANKERS.
No. 40 SOUTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
Oct. 1, 1879.

U. S. GOVT. BONDS.
U. S. GOVT. 1881. 103 1/2
U. S. GOVT. 1882. 103 1/2
U. S. GOVT. 1883. 103 1/2

PAID UP STOCKS.
Common Stock. 100
Preferred Stock. 100

W. D. PACKER'S.
Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Cocoanuts, Caromels, etc.

DR. WEBSTER'S.
DENTAL ROOMS.
No. 209 N. EIGHTH ST. ABOVE RACE.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Whole and partial sets of dentures, DENTURES, ARTIFICIAL TEETH, etc.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
SOUTH JERSEY INSTITUTE.
N. J. For both sexes. College preparatory.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
DYSPEPTICS, TAKE NOTICE!
CANTRELL'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC POWDER.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
The Principal Clothing House.
OAK HALL.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
This Long Established Clothing House, Known all the Country Round.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Fall and Winter Clothing.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
To Make Business Spin.
OAK HALL TO BRISTLE WITH ACTIVITY.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
OAK HALL FOR GOOD CLOTHING.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
OAK HALL OF 1879.

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Wanamaker & Brown, 6TH & MARKET.

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Agricultural Insurance Company.

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The Largest Clothing House in America.

Risley's Witch Hazel.
Cures rheumatic pains, sprains, cuts, wounds, etc.
Wm. Bernhouse, Contractor and Builder.

Wm. Bernhouse, Contractor and Builder.
Manufacturer and Dealer in Doors, Sash, Blinds, etc.

Wm. Bernhouse, Contractor and Builder.
Cedar Shingles at the lowest market rates.

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NO PATENT NO PAY.

Wm. Bernhouse, Contractor and Builder.
DR. WEBSTER'S DENTAL ROOMS.

W

The Lost City.

Pompeii was a little town by the sea, five miles from Vesuvius, which had been built about 600 years before the military power of the Romans...

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Common fly of wood sheds will scatter hard putty in a few minutes. The fumes of a brimstone match will remove heavy stains from a book or paper...

How Beecher Likes His Coffee.

I have no trouble of getting a first-rate cup of coffee. I generally get the best from a tin of Beecher's Mocha...

The Cookery of a Saratoga Hotel.

Connected with the palatial hotels of Saratoga are immense kitchens where the very best meals are gotten up for some 1,000 guests...

FOR THE FAIR SEX.

Basques are to be sported and even all around, or else curved upward at the ends, this winter, it is said in the intelligence...

A Race With Fire.

Col. Lyon and Mr. Perry, the lessees of Canyon Park, at the head of a magnificent fire, were on the mountain road...

THE SMITH ORGAN CO.

First Established! Most Successful! THE SMITH ORGAN CO. has a Standard Value as Leading Markets of the World...

MUSTANG Survival of the Fittest.

A FAMILY MEDICINE THAT HAS HEALED MILLIONS DURING 35 YEARS! MUSTANG IS A BALM FOR EVERY WOUND OF MAN AND BEAST!

THE SAPHONIER

It is the Old Reliable Concentrated Lye FOR FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Directions accompanying each can for making Hard Soft and Toilet Soap...

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The flower garden, although a source of pleasure, is at the same time a thing requiring almost constant attention...

IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.

The flower garden, although a source of pleasure, is at the same time a thing requiring almost constant attention...

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE HISTORY OF THE WORLD.

It contains 972 illustrations and 1200 pages of text, and is the most complete history of the world ever published...

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H. T. HELMBOLD'S COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU. PHARMA CEUTICAL. A SPECIFIC REMEDY FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE Bladder and Kidneys.

For Debility, Loss of Memory, Indisposition to Exercise or Business, Shortness of Breath, Troubled with Thoughts of Disease, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Chest, and Head, Rush of Blood to the Head, Pale Countenance and Dry Skin.

If these symptoms are allowed to go on, very frequently Epileptic Fits and Consumption follow. When the constitution becomes affected it requires the aid of an invigorating medicine to strengthen and tone up the system.

Helmbold's Buchu DOES IN EVERY CASE.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU IS UNEQUALLED

By any remedy known. It is prescribed by the most eminent physicians all over the world, in

Rheumatism, Spermatorrhoea, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Aches and Pains, General Debility, Kidney Diseases, Liver Complaint, Nervous Debility, Epilepsy, Head Troubles, Paralysis, General Ill Health, Spinal Diseases, Nervous Complaints, Sciatica, Deafness, Lumbago, Decline, Catarrh, Female Compl'ts.

Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Eruptions, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a thousand other painful symptoms, are the offspring of Dyspepsia.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU INVIGORATES STOMACH, And stimulates the torpid Liver, Bowels and Kidneys to healthy action, in cleansing the Blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

A single trial will be quite sufficient to convince the most hesitating of its valuable remedial qualities.

PRICE \$1 PER BOTTLE, Or 6 Bottles for \$5.

Delivered to any address free from observation. "Patients" may consult by letter, receiving the same attention as by calling. Competent Physicians attend to correspondents. All letters should be addressed to H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist & Chemist Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUTION!

See that the private Proprietary Stamp is on each bottle.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

GROCERIES!!

H. M. Trowbridge

will hereafter keep a well assorted stock of Groceries—Sugars, Tea and Coffee, Spices, Dried Fruits and Canned Goods, Flour, Soap, Molasses and Syrup, Butter, Lard, Pork, Salt Fish, Brooms &c.

DRY GOODS!

I shall continue my usual full assortment of Dress Goods, Cassimeres, Plaids, Alpacos, Prints, Muslins, Jeans, Sheetings and Shirtings, Flannels, Tickings, Hosiery, Gloves, Edgings, Threads of all kinds, Buttons, Zephyrs, Pocket Books, Stationery &c.

CLOTHING!

Also a good stock of Ready Made Clothing, Coats, Pants and Vests.

All which will be sold for Cash, and at the lowest Market Prices.

HAMMONTON, N. J. April 21st, 1879.

\$77 a Monthhandpenses

GERRY VALENTINE, UNDERTAKER,

Is prepared to furnish CASKETS, COFFINS, WITH HANDLES & PLATES, In every variety, at the lowest cash prices.

Funerals promptly attended to.

Also re-seats Chairs and repairs and renovates Furniture. Shows upstairs over the wheelwright shop, Egg Harbor road, Hammonton, N. J.

TO ADVERTISERS! We fill orders for the insertion in the newspapers of the United States and Dominion of Canada. To furnish advertisers with reliable information concerning newspapers and their rates, and to enable the most experienced to select intelligently the mediums best adapted to any particular purpose, we issue SEMI-ANNUAL EDITIONS OF AYER & SON'S MANUAL FOR ADVERTISERS, 164 pp. pp. Gives the names, circulation, and advertising rates of several thousand newspapers in the United States and Canada, and contains more information of value to an advertiser than can be found in any other publication. All lists carefully revised in each edition, and where practicable prices reduced. The special offers are numerous and unusually advantageous. It will pay you to examine it before spending any money in newspaper advertising. The last edition will be sent postpaid to any address on receipt of 25 cents by N. W. AYER & SON, ADVERTISING AGENTS, TUNNEY BUILDING, PHILADELPHIA.

Barber Shop

The undersigned has opened a Barber Shop on Bellevue Ave.

and is prepared to Cut Hair, Shampoo, Shave &c., in the best manner.

A Clean Towel to Every Man!

Open every day. On Sunday from 7 to 10 in the morning.

JOSEPH COAST, 15-16

C. M. Englehart & Son.

Watches, Jewelry, Silver & Plated Ware. Agents for the Howard Watch Co.

Masonic Marks & Badges

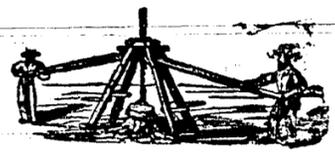
Rogers & Bro. Celebrated Plated Ware.

No. 26a North Second Street. PHILADELPHIA.

\$1500 TO \$2000 A YEAR, or \$5 to \$20, day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cts. to \$2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honest. Reader, if you want to know about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth \$5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address GEORGE STINSON & CO., Portland Maine.

ASTOR PLACE HOTEL. EUROPEAN PLAN. ASTOR PLACE, 3rd Ave. & 8th St. (Opposite Cooper Institute.) NEW YORK.

Best location in the city. Elevated Railroad and five other lines of cars pass the door. Rooms 50 cts. to \$2 per day. By the week \$2 and up wards. Open All Night.



PIONEER STUMP PULLER

Having reserved the right to manufacture and sell this Favorite Machine in the counties of Camden, Burlington, Ocean, Atlantic and Cape May, I hereby give notice that I am prepared to fill orders at following rates:

NO. 1 MACHINE, \$65.00. NO. 2 " " \$50.00.

These Machines are Warranted to be the BEST in the market.

For particulars send for circular.

G. W. PRESSEY, Inventor & Manufacturer, Hammonton, N. J.

Ladies' Store.

Corner of Bellevue Avenue & Horton Street, Hammonton, New Jersey.

TOMLIN & SMITH.

Hamburg Embroideries, Laces, White goods, Fancy Articles and Toys. Ladies Furnishing Goods a Speciality.

NO MORE RHEUMATISM OR GOUT ACUTE CHRONIC SALICYLICA SURE CURE. MANUFACTURED ONLY UNDER THE ABOVE TRADE MARK BY THE European Salicylic Medicine Co. OF PARIS AND LEIPZIG.

IMMEDIATE RELIEF WARRANTED. PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED. Now exclusively used by all celebrated Physicians of Europe and America, becoming a Staple, Harmless and Reliable Remedy on both continents. The highest Medical Academy of Paris reports ninety-five cures out of one hundred cases within three days. Secret—The only dissolver of the poisonous Uric Acid which exists in the Blood of Rheumatic and Gouty Patients. \$1 a Box. Six Boxes for \$5. Sent to any address on receipt of price. INDORSED BY PHYSICIANS SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Address WASHBURN & CO., Only Importers, Depot 212 Broadway, Cor. Fulton St. (Knox Bldg), NEW-YORK. To be had at A. W. COCHRAN'S, Hammonton.

A. L. HARTWELL, Architect and Builder

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, DETAILS, BILLS OF MATERIALS, COSTS, &c., Furnished at short notice.

Parties who contemplate building are invited to call and examine plans which are kept on hand as samples of work and arrangement of different styles of building. Office and Shop opposite R. R. Station, HAMMONTON, N. J.

WM. MOORE, Jr. Attorney-at-Law AND Solicitor in Chancery. MAY'S LANDING, N. J.

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Insurance. MILLVILLE Mutual Marine and Fire INSURANCE CO. Millville, N. J. Assets January 1st, 1878 \$1,454,936 23.

This strong and conservative Company insure FARM BUILDINGS, LIVE STOCK and other property against loss or damage

By Fire and Lightning lowest rates, for the term of One, Three, five or Ten years.

VESELS. Cargoes and Freights, written on liberal form of policies, without restrictions as to ports used, or registered tonnage.

LOSSES Promptly Adjusted and Paid

N. STRATTON, President. F. L. MULFORD, Secy January 15th, 1876.

AGENTS. J. Alfred Bodine, Williamstown; C. E. P. Mayhew, May's Landing; A. Stephany, Egg Harbor City; Capt. Daniel Walters Absecon; Thos. E. Morris, Somers' Point; Hon. D. S. Blackman, Fort Republic; Allen T. Leode, Tuckerton; Dr. Lewis Reed, Atlantic City; Alfred W. Clement, Haddonfield, H. M. Jewett, Winslow.

H. E. BOWLES, M. D., 1-1v HAMMONTON N. J.

CUMBERLAND MUTUAL Fire Insurance Comp ny. BRIDGETON, N. J.

Conducted on strictly mutual principles, offering a perfectly safe insurance for just what it may cost to pay losses and expenses. The proportion of loss to the amount insured being very small, and expenses much less than usually had, nothing can be offered more favorable to the insured. The cost being about ten cents on the hundred dollars per year to the insured on ordinary risks, and from fifteen to twenty-five cents per year on hazardous properties, which is less than one-third of the lowest rates charged by stock companies, on such risks—the other two-thirds taken by stock companies being a profit accruing to stockholders, or consumed in expenses of the companies.

The guarantee fund of premium notes being now Three Millions of Dollars.

If an assessment had to be made of five per cent, only, twice within the ten years for which the policy is issued, it would yet be cheaper to the members than any other insurance offered. And that large amount of money is saved to the members and kept at home. No assessment having ever been made, being now more than thirty years, that saving would amount to more than

One Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars

The Losses by Lightning. Where the property is not set on fire, being less than one cent per year to each member, are paid without extra charge, and extended so as to cover all policies that are issued and outstanding.

BENJAMIN SHEPPARD, President.

HENRY B. LUPTON, Secretary, AGENTS & SURVEYORS. GEO. W. PRESSEY, Hammonton, N. J. GEO. W. SAWYER, Tuckerton, N. J. A. L. ISZARD, May Landing, N. J.

London Nursery. JAPANESE PERSIMMON TREES 4 ft to 6 ft in 12 choicest kinds. Dried specimen fruits received last season from a Japan would when fresh from the tree, have weighed 16 ozs. with the flavor of a rich Smyrna fig.

Should these, like the shrubs and Superb evergreens introduced from Japan, prove hardy as authorities have already pronounced them to be, we may look forward in this instance to an acquisition of the highest commercial importance as a fruit and tree of great magnificence.

NEW PEAR. Triomphe de Lyons, a late variety whose fruit is the largest known.

Also large general stock of fruit, shade, rare evergreens, shrubs, hedges, budding, and greenhouse plants, all of which will be sold at about half price by

J. BUTTERTON, Hammonton, N. J.

Railroads. Camden & Atlantic R.R. Summer Arrangement.

Stations	DOWN TRAINS.					
	H. A.	A. A.	M.	F.	S. A.	
Philadelphia	6 00	4 15	8 00	4 15	8 00	
Cooper's Point	6 16	4 30	8 15	4 30	8 15	
Penn. R. R. Junc	6 20	4 37	8 22	4 37	8 22	
Haddonfield	6 36	4 48	8 38	4 48	8 38	
Ashland	6 45	4 55	8 46	4 55	8 46	
Kirkwood	6 50	5 00	8 52	4 55	8 45	
Berlin	7 03	5 11	9 05	5 20	8 54	
Atco	7 10	5 17	9 15	5 30	9 00	
Waterford	7 24	5 28	9 28	5 40	9 08	
Ancora	7 29	5 36	9 37	5 48	9 18	
Winslow Junc.	7 35	5 38	9 43	5 54	9 24	
Hammonton	7 42	5 47	9 49	6 05	9 29	

Stations	UP TRAINS.					
	H. A.	A. A.	M.	F.	S. A.	
Philadelphia	4 40	4 15	8 00	4 15	8 00	
Cooper's Point	7 40	9 10	8 22	4 15	8 40	
Penn. R. R. Junc	7 33	9 03	8 16	4 15	8 33	
Haddonfield	7 18	8 53	8 05	4 15	8 22	
Ashland	7 11	8 48	8 58	4 15	8 15	
Kirkwood	7 05	8 42	8 52	4 15	8 11	
Berlin	6 50	8 31	8 40	4 15	8 00	
Atco	6 43	8 25	8 34	4 15	7 54	
Waterford	6 35	8 17	8 25	4 15	7 46	
Ancora	6 20	8 11	8 18	4 15	7 41	
Winslow Junc.	6 24	8 05	8 13	4 15	7 45	
Hammonton	6 15	7 58	8 03	4 15	7 35	
Da Costa	7 53	4 57	8 53	4 15	8 23	
Elwood	7 42	4 49	8 52	4 15	8 15	
Egg Harbor	7 26	4 39	8 52	4 15	8 05	
Pomona	7 15	4 27	8 52	4 15	8 45	
Absecon	7 05	4 15	8 47	4 15	8 45	
Atlantic	7 10	4 06	8 50	4 15	8 40	
May's Landing	7 05	4 10	8 41	4 15	8 30	

On and after Saturday, May 10th, trains will leave VINE Street Ferry, Philadelphia, for ATLANTIC CITY, 8:00 a.m. Accommodations, including Sunday, 3:00 p.m. Fast Express, Saturdays only, 4:00 p.m. Accommodations, except Sunday, 4:15 p.m. Express, Sundays only, 7:30 a.m. LOCAL TRAINS. Egg Harbor and May's Landing, 8 a.m., 4:15 p.m. Hammonton, 8 a.m., 4:15 and 6 p.m. Winslow Junction, 8 a.m., 4:15 and 6 p.m. Atco and 10:15 a.m., 4:15, 6, and from Camden only, 11:55 p.m. Haddonfield, 7, 8, 9:30, 10:15 a.m., 2, 4:15, 5, 6, 7, and from Camden only, 10 and 11:55 p.m. LEAVE ATLANTIC CITY. 7:05 a.m. Accommodations, except Sunday, 11:00 a.m., 4:15 p.m. Fast Express, Mondays only, 1:00 p.m., 3:05 p.m. On Sundays, Accommodations, 4:30 and Express 6 p.m. Fare, \$1. Round trip tickets (10 days), \$1.50. The Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage to destination. Tickets on sale at Nos. 432, 1100 and 1348 Chestnut St., Vine St. Ferry, Philadelphia, and No. 4 Chelton Avenue, Germantown. D. H. MUNDY, Agent.

N. J. Southern R. R.

CONNECTING WITH THE CAMDEN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD, FOR NEW YORK, VINELAND, BRIDGETON, AC. June 2nd.

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
A. M.	P. M. P. M.
11 45	New York, 1 35
1 13	Long Branch, 11 55
1 23 p.m.	Red Bank, 10 37
2 0	Tom's River, 8 50 6 30
7 40 4 37	Atco, 8 20 4 34
9 32 5 29	Winslow Junction, 7 20 3 37
10 20 6 23	Vineland, 6 35 2 45
11 18 7 10	Bridgeton, 5 50 1 50
11 55 7 44 p.m.	Bayside, a.m. 5 50 1 50

ATCO BRANCH. 7 50 a.m. Atco, 6 00 p.m. 8 22 a.m. Atco, 5 25 p.m. Trains leave New York from Central R. R. of New Jersey Depot, foot of Liberty St., at 11 45, connecting with Red Bank for Vineland Railroad and points on the Camden & Atlantic Railroad, via Winslow Junction. WM. S. SNEDEN, CHAS. P. McPADDEN, Gen'l Manager. Gen'l Ticket Agt.

Patents.

PATENTS.

To Inventors & Manufacturers. ESTABLISHED 1865.

GILMORE, SMITH & CO. Solicitors of Patents & Attorneys at Law.

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No Fees in Advance, nor until a Patent is allowed. No Fees for making Preliminary Examinations.

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M. L. JACKSON, Meat Market, Cor. Bellevue and 2d St. FRESH BEEF, MUTTON, VEAL, PORK, Corned Beef, Fish, &c.

PRIME YORK STATE BUTTER, CIDER AND PURE CIDER VINEGAR. CONSTANTLY ON HAND. ALSO Vegetables in Season. Our wagon runs through the town Wednesdays and Saturdays