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The Lord's Prayer.

AN ACROSTIC.

OUR Lord and King who reign'st enthroned on high,
 Father of Light! Myriadous Deity!
 Who art the great I AM—the last, the first—
 All righteous, holy, merciful and just—
 In realms of glory, scenes where angels sing,
 HEAVEN is the dwelling-place of God our King.
 HALLOWED thy name, which doth all names transcend.
 Be thou adored, our great Almighty Friend.
 Thy glory shines beyond creation's space,
 NAME in the book of justice and of grace;
 Thy kingdom towers beyond thy starry skies;
 KINGDOMS satiate falls, but thine shall rise.
 COME, let thy empire O, thou Holy One,
 Thy great and everlasting will be done!
 WILL God make known his will, his power display?
 BE it the work of mortals to obey.
 DON't be the great, the wondrous work of love,
 ON Calvary's cross he died, but reigns above,
 FAITH bears the record in thy holy word,
 AS Heaven adores thy love, let earth, O Lord;
 Thy shines transcend in the eternal skies,
 Is praised in Heaven—for man the Saviour dies.
 In songs immortal angels land his name,
 HEAVEN shouts with joy, and saints his love proclaim;
 GIVE us, O Lord, our food, nor cease to give
 Us proper food, on which our souls may live.
 THIS be our food today, and days to come,
 DAY without end, in our eternal home;
 OUR newly souls supply from day to day,
 DAILY assist, and aid us when we pray;
 BREAD though we ask, yet, Lord, thy blessing lend,
 AND make us grateful when thy gifts descend.
 FORGIVE our sins, which in destruction place
 Us—the vile rebels of a rebel race.
 OUR selfish, fruits and trespasses forgive—
 DEATHS which we never can pay, or thou receive,
 AS we, O Lord, our neighbors' faults overlook,
 We beg thine aid from ours from thy mercy's book,
 FORGIVE our enemies, extend thy grace,
 OUR souls to save, even Adam's guilty race,
 DEBTORS to thee in gratitude and love,
 AND in that duty paid by wants above.
 LEAD us from sin, and in thy mercy raise
 Us from the tempter and his hellish ways;
 NOT in our own, but in his name who died,
 TROUPE them as we pour our every need.
 TEMPTATION'S fatal charms, help us to shun,
 BUT may we conquer through thy conquering Son,
 DELIVER us from all which may annoy
 Us in this world and may our souls destroy;
 FROM all calamities which men befall,
 EVIL and death, oh, turn our feet aside,
 FOR we are mortal worms, and prone to clay;
 THUS 'tis to thee, and mortals to obey,
 IS not thy mercy, Lord, forever free?
 THE whole creation knows no God but thee,
 KINGDOM and empire in thy presence fall;
 THE King Eternal reigns the King of all,
 POWER with thee—thou art the glory given,
 AND be thy name adored by earth and Heaven
 The praise of saints and angels be thy own,
 GLORY to thee, the Everlasting One,
 FORGIVE us thy true name adored
 AMEN! Hosanna, blessed be the Lord.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 4, 1878.

It was demonstrated to the satisfaction of many who heard the testimony elicited before the Committee on Claims at various times during the past five or six years in claims based on the Geneva award, that the rating of particular vessels by the American Lloyd's, depended more upon the amount of money the owners had to pay for certificate of character to that institution than upon the material or manner of their construction. The present is a good time for some Congressional Plump-sell to come to the rescue of seaman and passengers who are wont to trust themselves to go down to sea in the rotten bottoms owned by avaricious Maine speculators. Old, rotten, worm eaten hulks are bought for a song; the seams, worm holes and the ravages of dry rot are filled by oakum, plugging or patching; pitch and tar impart a false appearance of soundness, a metal skin is drawn over these "little tracks of the trade" and a liberal application of putty and paint, with the new name on the stern, complete the metamorphosis. The new ship is rated A 1, is heavily insured and loaded down to a depth inconsistent with the safety of even a new and staunch ship. She is then sent to sea half manned, her owners, it may be, hoping she may never be heard of more; and they are often gratified when otherwise in this. Pending Pirapool's speeches in the British House of Commons, made on a similar subject a few years since, would likely convince many now skeptics on those points; and what was true at that time is probably true to a greater or less extent among all maritime nations. The *Metropolis* was an odd, rickety, patched concern used as a transport during the war, and was hired for a round sum, probably, to take to South America warlike and their equipments for a rail road in Brazil. The absence of details in the captain's account of the disaster is significant, but the early determination arrived at to beach the vessel as the only means of saving the lives on board, seems to argue perfect familiarity with her unworthy condition. Over 100 souls gone to swell the testimony that has been accumulating for hundred of years against the rickety ship owners who deliberately send old vessels to sea in such a crippled condition that the owners of their kind have not one chance in a thousand to ever reach the shore. It is all ways news that that ship and cargo had been wrecked by the *Metropolis*. It is already noted that the *Metropolis* was supposed to have thoroughly wrecked the *Metropolis* and whose reputation was ruined by the *Metropolis* offer by the *Metropolis*.

which overtook her, are already in print trying to shift the responsibility to the shoulders of somebody other than themselves.

What of our Life Saving Service? 500 men cast ashore on the treacherous Currituck beach within the last three months directly under the nose of these life saving (?) crews who prove as useless as so many. Evan O'Neil's. The Superintendent of this service specially qualified himself for the responsibilities of the place by serving as messenger (I believe) 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th class clerk successively, and finally as Chief Clerk in the 2nd Auditor's office. In recognition of the vast strides he made in theoretical and practical knowledge of nautical affairs while thus working up claims of soldiers for bounty and arrears of pay, he was promoted to the superintendency of a branch of service the utility of which must depend so largely upon the energy, system and intelligence with which its grave-responsibilities and perilous duties are directed from the headquarters here. Our superintendent, every summer, boldly visits the stations along the coast, critically examining into their workings through a spy-glass from the deck of a government steamer, detailed for this hazardous duty. To thoroughly familiarize himself with all the details of every bureau of his department it will be remembered how Secretary Sherman, scorning the dangers of New England's rock ribbed coast, accompanied Superintendent Kimball on his northward trip last summer, when less zealous officials were spending their annual leave at the various watering places. Though they suffered the horrors of shipwreck off the coast of Maine, the voyage was not abandoned till every nautical mile of the coast, eastward, had been traversed. While undoubtedly true that Democratic meanness is chargeable with having crippled the efficiency of the service, it strikes every one as odd that for hours after the *Metropolis* struck, no one from any of the stations appeared aware of it, or that the furious easterly gale was likely to duplicate the *Huron* catastrophe. Already it is stated that no horses were at hand for hauling the life-saving apparatus to the stranded ship, and when there the life lines were so old and rotten that it was unable to bear even the strain of the ocean current. What an efficient inspector Mr. Kimball must have on this Currituck beach to be sure! and we shiver with dread lest the efficiency of his life-saving force and apparatus be tested at other points along the storm swept Atlantic coast during the boisterous months of February and March yet remaining to furnish their annual record of disaster and death. It is an excellent subject—this *Metropolis* business—for a searching, non-partisan investigation by an impartial jury who don't believe in the efficacy of whitewash where thousands of human lives are set over against the pay and emoluments of a few small fry politicians.

Among the things accomplished by our over-worked Congress since my last is the passage by the House of the Matthews Silver Resolution by a vote of 189 to 79; the adoption of Foster's substitute to the bill of the Ways and Means Committee postponing the time for the withdrawal of whisky from bond to July 1st, 1878, declaring any reduction of the whisky tax—for that is the real object—unexpedient; the passage of the anti-subsidy resolution, and the vote excluding lobbyists, a few Members and others privileged, from the floor of the House. So the goose of the whisky, railroad and other rings are regarded as pretty effectually cooked for this session. Still it is safe for constitutionally opposed to them, to keep an eye on such members as are unequal to such temptations as are offered. The Brand bill is the first thing in order now in both Houses.

MAXWELL.

The Visiting Statesman.

Suppose the Louisiana authorities, after they got through with the Rotating Boarders, should carry out their understood intention to place the "visiting statesman" on trial, how would Messrs. Sherman, Stanley Matthews, Garfield, Eugene Hale, and the rest, like Mr. Hayes to reply to their appeals for "troops" or help in some shape by telling them to stand firm, and trust to time for their vindication?—*Evening Telegraph*

The barkentine *Jennie Sweeney*, Hudson, from Galveston for Philadelphia, is ashore on Matanzas Island, ten miles south of Chesapeake Island. She has 2,000 bales of cotton, the heavy lost cargo over shipped or Phila. A tug from the Breakwater and the Coast Wrecking Company have gone to her assistance, and she will probably be got off.

The inquest over the murdered Armstrong was concluded on Monday after the hearing of the testimony. The jury returned the following verdict:

That the said John N. Armstrong came to his death by violence, fracture of the skull, the result of blows on the head, received at the hands of some party or parties to this jury unknown, on the evening of January 23, 1877, on Vine street, near Fifth in Camden, N. J., and died at Philadelphia January 29, 1878.

That Ben Wade is concerned in at his home in Philadelphia.

Baby Fingers.

Ten little fat fingers so taper and neat;
 Ten fat little fingers so rosy and sweet!
 Eagerly reaching for all that comes near,
 Now poking your eyes out and pulling your hair,
 Scooping and patting with velvet-like touch,
 Then digging your cheek with a mischievous clutch;
 Gently waving good-bye with infantile grace,
 Then dragging your bonnet down over your face,
 Beating pat-a-cake, pat-a-cake, stow and sedate,
 Then tearing your book at a furious rate,
 Gravely holding them out, like a King to be kissed,
 Then thumping the window with tightly closed fist;
 Now lying asleep all dimpled and warm,
 On the white cradle pillow, secure from all harm.
 O dear baby hands! how much love you unfold
 In the weak, careless clasp of those fingers so soft!
 Keep motionless as now, through the world's evil ways,
 And bless with fond care our last weariful days.

—MRS. RICHARD GRANT WHITE.

Medill and Halsted.

I get new evidence every day of the intensity of feeling among all classes of people here upon the silver question. The business community is particularly indignant about the effects of the cheap dollar agitation upon trade. A leading publisher said to me this morning, "The silver demagogues in the West have ruined the fair prospects of a revival of business, and postponed for another year, at least, a recovery from the effects of the hard times. We were in excellent condition for a prompt return to prosperity when this new fanaticism broke out in the West. The balance of trade was heavily in our favor. Our 4 per cent. bonds were going off like hot cakes in Europe. Prices had got down to hard pan. Surplus stocks of manufactured articles had been worked off. Our people had all abandoned wasteful ways of living and had gone back to the practice of their old economy. In a word, everything was ready for a fresh start and a long career of prosperity, when the reckless Western demagogues and Western newspapers began their howl for a sham dollar." A Broadway merchant, speaking in much the same vein, said: "Murat Halsted and Joe Medill are chiefly responsible for another year of dullness and close times. The *Cincinnati Commercial* and the *Chicago Tribune* have done more than all other influences together to demoralize public sentiment in the West."—*Cleveland Her.*

Some Truth in This.

Stanley Matthews Silver resolution, passed the Senate yesterday by a vote of 43 in the affirmative to 22 in the negative. Without intending to give of fence to President Hayes or his warm admirers, it might inquire who is responsible for Mr. Matthews' presence in the United States Senate Chamber. Has he earned the honor by long and faithful service in the party? Has he ability, experience and high character above every other Republican in the State of Ohio that entitled him to the place? Emphatically no! Gen. Garfield had long represented his constituency, the country and the party with marked ability and credit. He was the conceded leader of the Republican forces in the House of Representatives. He was known to be sound on the currency question. He was the favorite of the republican members of the Legislature. He would have represented Ohio in the Senate instead of Stanley Matthews but for the unjustifiable interference of President Hayes. We will not stop to inquire why President Hayes preferred Matthews to Garfield. The President has been making just such mistakes ever since he went to Washington. If the Brand Silver bill should be passed over his veto, the country will be likely to learn who is responsible for its becoming a law.—*Commercial Advertiser*.

A Bugle Call From Massachusetts.

The declaration of congress in the Matthews resolution leaves no option to honorable men who love their country. The foes of honesty tell us that things cannot be worse than they are. This is sophistry. Things will be worse a thousand times worse unless patriotic men, the country over, combine against the present foe. Tolerance of evil is worse than the open support of it. The only safety lies in vigorous aggression. And in this aggression let Massachusetts take the lead. Her sons, individually and in their associations, religious, political and social, must make their voices heard and their influence felt. They must preach the gospel of honesty early and late, in season and out of season, that the world may hear and know the protest of Massachusetts against the infamy of repudiation.—*Boston Transcript*.

The survivors of the wrecked *Metropolis* arrived in Philadelphia, on Wednesday morning, by the Baltimore and Wilmington Road. The scene as described, of the meeting of friends was very affecting. The number was 131. They were formed in a procession, and taken by the Messrs. Collins to the Model Coffee House, on Fourth Street, and provided with a good dinner. Clothing had been provided for them, and was distributed on Thursday in morning.

Pope, Pius Ninth, died on Thursday, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

At a temperance meeting held recently in Millville, over 1000 persons signed the pledge.

The next meeting of the West Jersey Presbytery will be held in Bridgeton, in April next.

Ex Governor Curtin turns up now as a Labor Reformer and Greenbacker. Drowning man catching at straws.

Mr. Christian Ross has examined the Demarara boy, at Baltimore, and declares him not to be his Charley.

A bill has been reported favorably, for the extension of time for the completion of the Northern Pacific Railroad, for ten years.

The Salem Standard is responsible for the story that a Washington newsboy spoke of Mrs. Tillotson of Vineland as "Dr. Mary Walker's daddy."

Tribune: That handful of mud which the Democratic press had ready to fling at Justice Bradley will have to be dropped.

Henry Genet, of the Tweed ring, after three or four years absence, has returned, and surrendered himself, on Monday, and gave bail in \$25,000.

James M. Scovel of Camden has at last got an office. He has been elected a director of the Southern Maryland Railroad Company.

Davis and Demaris, who were first arrested for the murder of Armstrong, in Camden, have been released on bail, and Hunter, after a hearing was recommended.

Notwithstanding the loss of the *Metropolis*, and its freight of human beings, hundreds of men are daily making applications to ship on the next vessel going to Brazil.

The Camden Safe Deposit Company, of Camden, is reported in the *West Jersey Press* as very prosperous. The amount of moneys received last year, was \$6,672,771.81.

The President, on Wednesday, nominated Israel S. Adams for Collector of Customs at Great Egg Harbor, and Jarvis H. Bartlett at Little Egg Harbor. We hope they will be confirmed, for both are good men, faithful, honest and efficient.

The stories of cruelty practiced in the New Jersey State Prison are too hard to be believed. If not true, Gen. Mott, the prison keeper should demand an investigation, and if true somebody else should demand an investigation.

New Jersey has 158 distilleries, 50 breweries, 40 wholesale liquor dealers and 5513 hotels and saloons. Taking the whole United States, it is said that there is a drinking place for each 253 of the population.

The Treasurer's statement for January shows the public debt to be \$2,215,455,845.86. The decrease for the last six months is \$15,870,857, and for the last month, \$1,688,076.53. There is now in the Treasury in coin \$126,882,789.47, while the outstanding legal tender notes amount to \$349,173,921.50.

The gale of last Thursday caused great destruction of property and life all along the Atlantic coast. Nearly a dozen wrecks are already reported, most of them fortunately, were attended with no loss of life. Many of the summer hotels at Coney Island and Rockaway were swept away, with a loss of seven lives. Many of the bathing houses were swept away at Long Branch.

The two belligerent nations of the east having pumelled each other for several months, the Turk has concluded he has enough, and is willing to shake hands and settle up.

The following are the terms of the Protocol:

First. The erection of Bulgaria into a principality.

Second. A war indemnity or territory in compensation.

Third. The independence of Roumania, Servia and Montenegro, with an increase of territory for each.

Fourth. Reforms in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Fifth. An ulterior understanding between the Sultan and the Czar regarding the Danubian.

Sixth. The evacuation of the Danubian fortresses and Cetinum.

TEMPERANCE.

Drunkennes in England.

A correspondent of the New York Times gives the following lamentable account of the spread of drunkennes in England:

"At a meeting under the presidency of the Lord Mayor of London, called with the view of establishing an industrial home for the reformation of women who are habitual drunkards, some startling facts were promulgated. There is an alarming increase of drunkennes in the metropolis, as much among women as men. In 1875, the police statistics show that 4,480 women were committed to the Westminster prison for drunkennes, and every one of them had been repeatedly committed and punished for the same offence. Eighty per cent of the general committals to English prisons are caused by drink. A report from the Governor of Antrim Jail was quoted, showing that out of 10,000 committals to that prison for drunkennes, within a given period, 8,000 were females and only 2,000 males. The Ordinary of Norway stated that out of 13 persons convicted for murder at the Old Bailey, in a year, only one case was unconnected with drunkennes. No question about it, drunkennes is the curse of England. You will see more examples of intoxication in one evening's walk in the dark slums of London than you would find even in New York in a month. Gin and whiskey are as freely drunk in London as lager beer in New York, and the result is an augmentation of disease and crime appalling to contemplate. The increase of restaurants, gin palaces, cafes, bars, and all kinds of spirit and wine stores, is something enormous. England is the most drunken nation under the sun, and the sooner the legislature settles down to work on that fact the better. Since Mr. Gladstone scattered wine licenses broadcast over the country, private tipping on the part of ladies has largely increased. They drink at the confectioners' or candy stores, and they can procure spirits at the grocery stores. Mr. Gladstone thought that if drink could be gotten easily everywhere the temptation to surreptitious 'liquoring up' would diminish. He was wrong. He tried to check the growing sin of drunkennes by the early closing of public houses, but the giant evil marches on through the land like a national blight, ruining more people than fall in a commercial crisis, slaying more people than a pestilence."

A Vigorous Temperance Address.

At one of Mr. Murphy's meetings in Troy, N. Y., after the usual introductory exercises, he brought before the audience a man well known to the people of Troy, and who had run through a good property and fair reputation by drink, but had now resolved he would endeavor to retrieve his character. He addressed the people in a very touching manner, and to illustrate a sentiment in his brief discourse, he passed to the rear of the platform and brought forward a wretched, ragged, trembling victim, the very embodiment of rum's ruin. This wreck of a man, after a moment of silence, was recognized by many of the audience, and the simple recognition brought tears to the eyes of hundreds. Presently he endeavored to speak; his trembling limbs almost refused to support his body, and his words feeble and broken, were indistinct and incoherent. But gathering himself by a strong effort, he gave a narrative of himself from his boyhood in that city; his refined and loving home; his college life; his marriage; his gradual decline; his dishonored parents; his dead wife; his disgraced children; his own utter degradation to a gutter drunkard; and there he stood, having been brought from jail to tell this story, and then go back to complete his last term as a common drunkard. Mr. Murphy sprang to his feet as the poor fellow said this and exclaimed: "He shall not go back!" and the audience instantly responded, "He shall not go back!" and in a minute the sum necessary for his release, by the payment of the fine, was raised, and the officer who had him in charge left him in the care of Mr. Murphy, and those who were with him. The man belonged to one of the most respected of the families in that city, was highly gifted and one of the most promising of the young men of his day. The scene was the more affecting, as hundreds knew the truth of his history.

An Indoor Game.

There is a jolly indoor game for the winter called "Fagot Gathering," which has been described in part before, but it makes so much fun that many who have never heard of it will be glad if we tell about it here.

Moose-Hunting.

There are three modes of hunting the moose, called still-hunting, drive-hunting and calling. Writing C. O. Ward in Scribner's Magazine, there was another mode, which was a happy to act, legislation has in a great measure suppressed.

CASE OF THE SICK.

Persons who have never suffered, says the Prairie Farmer, can scarcely realize the weak state to which acute illness or slow disease will reduce one's strength.

Pyramids of the Bronze Age.

Of the various deposits of the bronze age which have been hidden under ground, and which have been discovered by chance, there are two kinds, foundries and treasure-keeps, to which may be added certain hoards of articles.

FLAX SEED LEMONADE.

Mix four tablespoonfuls of rice flour in a little cold milk, add a pinch of salt. Stir this into a quart of boiling milk, and boil and stir for ten minutes.

JELLY WATER.

Currant, raspberry, wild cherry, blackberry or cranberry jelly dissolved in a little hot water, then put into ice water, forms a refreshing drink for persons suffering from fever.

INDIAN MEAL GRAVEL.

Chop a piece of lean beef, from the neck is best, and put it into a wide mouthed bottle. Cover tightly and set the glass in a little water.

INDIAN MEAL GRAVEL.

Mix half a cupful of Indian meal with enough cold water to make it into a smooth paste, then stir this into a quart of boiling water, then to taste with salt, and all through the winter monthly.

INDIAN MEAL GRAVEL.

Shimmer clipped beef in water until the goodness is extracted, then season with pepper and a small piece of butter; strain out the beef and serve the broth with toasted bread.

INDIAN MEAL GRAVEL.

Scrape a little raw beef from a tender juicy piece, and spread it on a thin slice of buttered bread, season with pepper and salt and cover it with another slice of buttered bread; divide it into small pieces and eat it with rice, and trim off all the crust.

INDIAN MEAL GRAVEL.

Crack the bones of a fowl and put it into two quarts of cold water. Boil it slowly, removing the scum as it rises.

INDIAN MEAL GRAVEL.

Split six Boston crackers; place them in a soup plate and pour boiling water over them; as soon as they are softened, drain off all the water and sprinkle the crackers with blue cream and pour over them sweet cream.

STANLEY.

Dr. Holland says of Stanley, the great African explorer, in Scribner's Magazine: When he arrived in America, after his splendid feat—that which none more heroic and daring has been performed during this century.

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NEWSPAPERS AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

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 for the kidneys and liver,
 for skin diseases.
GOOD FOR SMOKERS
 Put up in cases of 2 doz. and 4 doz. full plants.
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 Kissington Water. Be sure and ask for the SARATOGA
 KISSINGEN, and take no other. No Spring in Saratoga
 produces a water more pleasant to the taste, or more
 healthful and invigorating than the Hyperion Spouting
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 Circulars, with analysis and testimonials, sent free
 on application.
 DEPOT, No. 1 Park Place, N. Y. City.

COPY YOUR LETTERS
 Excelsior Copying Book,
 MADE OF CHEMICAL PAPER.
 Quickly copies any writing without Water, Press or
 Brush, used at home, library or office. For Ladies wish-
 ing to retain copies of letters, every business man
 or woman, correspondents, travelers it is invaluable—
 sells at sight. Send \$3.00 and we will send a 300-page
 Book, letter size, by Mail paid to any address. We re-
 fer to any Commercial Agency. Send stamp for Agents'
 Circular. EXCELSIOR MANFG. CO., 110 Dearborn
 St., Chicago, Ill. 5000 Agents wanted.

Trees! Trees! Trees!!
 I have the largest variety and best assort-
 ment of Shade and Ornamental Trees, Ever-
 greens, Hedge Plants, Shrubs, Plants, Bulbs,
 &c., in Atlantic City. Also, Apple, Pear, Peach
 and Cherry Trees of the best varieties. All of
 which I offer at prices as low as any in the
 country.
 Call and examine my stock.
 WM. F. BASSETT,
 Bellevue Ave. Nurseries, Hammononton, N. J.

Millinery! Millinery!!
DRESS MAKING! DRESS MAKING!
New Store! New Goods!
MRS. K. K. THOMAS
 Having taken rooms No. 1 and 2, DARWIN'S BLOCK,
Bellevue & Central Aves., is now prepared
 to execute all styles in the
Millinery and Dress-making
 Department. MISS MILLETON, formerly of Philadelphia, has charge of the Millinery
 Department, and as she is first class in that branch of the trade, we can guarantee satisfaction.
 Please give us a call, and examine Styles and Goods.
Mrs. K. K. THOMAS.
 N. B.—Sewing Machines, new and second hand constantly on hand. Machines repaired at
 short notice and low rates by Mr. FURNESS WYATT, Agent.
 Hammononton, N. J., Sept 27, 1877.

LADIES & CHILDREN'S BAZAAR.
J. ISAACS,
 No 23 North Eighth St., ab. Market, Philad'a.
 LADIES AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS,
 CHILDREN SUITS,
 LADIES AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR,
 INFANTS OUTFITS
 A large line of ZEPHYR GOODS. A well-assorted Stock of UMBRELLAS & Canas.
 Also, the largest assortment of FURS of our own importation and manufacture.
 GENUINE SEALSKIN SACQUES at \$10 and upwards. SEAL SETS at \$12 and upwards.
 MINK HAIR SETS at \$7 and upwards. FRENCH SEALS at \$4 and upwards.
 CHILDREN'S SETS, at \$5 and upwards. ALL GOODS AT EQUALLY LOW PRICES.
SEALSKIN SACQUES AND HATS A SPECIALTY
 Selling at lowest Cash prices. All goods guaranteed as represented.
 FURS ALTERED AND REPAIRED IN THE BEST MANNER.
 N. B. The above Goods are well selected and will be sold at prices that will defy competition.
 Hammononton, N. J., Sept 27, 1877.

EXCELSIOR FUR EMPORIUM.
 No. 718 ARCH STREET,
 Between Seventh and Eighth Streets, South Side, Philadelphia.
J. ISAACS, U. SABLE & SEAL FURS
 Importer and Manufacturer of
 FANCY FURS. is unsurpassed.
 of all descriptions, Wholesale and Retail.
 GENUINE SEALSKIN SACQUES at \$10 and upwards. SEAL SETS at \$12 and upwards.
 MINK HAIR SETS at \$7 and upwards. FRENCH SEALS at \$4 and upwards.
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SEALSKIN SACQUES AND HATS A SPECIALTY.
 Selling at lowest Cash prices. All goods guaranteed as represented.
 N. B.—FURS ALTERED AND REPAIRED IN THE BEST MANNER.

C. E. HALL,
 Dealer in

COOK & PARLOR
STOVES
 OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
 OF EVERY
 At Reasonable Prices.
STOVE PIPE
 Of all sizes constantly on hand.
 Pipe of Russia & Galvanized Iron
 Taper Joints, &c.,
 made to order at short notice.
 Tin Roofing and Repairing
 In our line promptly attended to.
 All work done at Reasonable Rates.

PIONEER STUMP PULLER
 Having reserved the right to manufacture and
 sell this Favorite Machine in the counties of
 Camden, Burlington, Ocean, Atlantic and Cap
 May, I hereby give notice that I am prepared to
 fill orders at following rates:
 NO. 1 MACHINE, \$65.00.
 NO. 2 " " \$50.00.
 These Machines are Warranted to be the BEST
 in the market.
 For particulars send for circular.
 G. W. PRESSEY,
 Hammononton, N. J. Inventor & Manuf'r
 20-11

CURL & BRO.
PRODUCE
 Commission Merchants
 N. Delaware Ave. Marke,
 (Foot of Vine Street)
 Philadelphia.
 carries a Specialty. Fair dealing and prompt
 returns.

THE
EATON GOLD and SILVER
REDUCTION COMPANY.
 Office—No. 20 Church St., N. Y.
 GEN'L JOHN C. FREMONT, President.
 PROF. A. K. EATON, Vice-President.
 W. W. HANLY, Secretary.

This Company is founded upon discoveries,
 inventions and improvements in the reduction
 and treatment of Gold and Silver and other
 ores, which have recently been perfected. It
 is intended that its business shall be conducted
 by works of large capacity, which, for govern-
 mental commercial reasons, will be near the city
 of New York, as well as by branch works in the
 mining districts, and by sale of its patent rights
 to other reduction works in this and foreign
 countries. The discoveries and improvements
 upon which the Company is based, have been
 made by Prof. A. K. Eaton, one of the ablest
 chemists and metallurgists of the present day.
 They have been reached during a practical and
 personal experience in mining and kindred
 occupations extending over a period of more than
 thirty years.
 Twenty six years ago Mr. Eaton invented
 and patented the Amalgamating Plates, which
 have ever since been in use at all the Gold and
 Silver Mills throughout the mining region. If
 the use of these plates were discontinued to-
 day, the yield of gold would probably be di-
 minished one-half. In the same way his later
 discoveries are valuable and effective, and are
 marked by the same certainty and simplicity.
 The ores of nearly all the gold and silver mines
 are rendered more or less difficult by the pres-
 ence, in combination, of zinc, sulphur, and other
 elements which gives them a refractory charac-
 ter, and which involves great expense and
 time in working, and great loss of gold and sil-
 ver.
 It is not too much to say that the great moun-
 tain region West of the Mississippi and Mis-
 souri rivers is occupied and populated only on
 account of its mines of gold and silver, and
 other metals. Over this whole country many
 of these refractory ores are left unworked and
 many hundred thousand tons of ore left un-
 worked, because their working would be too difficult
 and expensive under present modes of treat-
 ment. To all these ores Mr. Eaton's processes
 directly apply. They render their working
 comparatively easy and inexpensive, and give
 immediate value to this idle property, and em-
 ployment to many thousands of unoccupied
 men. These processes increase the yield as at
 present has, by from ten to forty per cent. The
 reports of the Consolidated Virginia and Cali-
 fornia mines, for the year ending December 31,
 1876, show that only 73 1/2 per cent of the gold
 and silver contained in the ore is obtained by
 their present working, and the combined yield
 of these two mines for the year was \$30,082,782.
 00—thirty millions, sixty two thousand, seven
 hundred and eighty-two dollars. By the Eaton
 processes, this yield could have been increased
 by six or seven millions of dollars. The gold
 mines of Senator Jones, in the San Joaquin
 Valley, gave him only 60 per cent. of what the
 ore contains. These mines are quoted because
 they are well known, and because every appli-
 cation that money and art could devise, under
 the ablest management, has been used to in-
 crease their production. Under Mr. Eaton's
 process, it is claimed that out of most ores
 97 per cent.—practically all—of the gold and
 silver can be obtained at much less cost of time
 and money than is at present required; that
 Base Bullion can be treated and refined at one
 third the cost, and one fourth the time at pres-
 ent used. In reference to this latter process
 Prof. Torrey, U. S. Mint, New York, says: "I
 believe it to be an entirely new and very use-
 ful process. Theoretically, the mechanical and
 chemical principles upon which it is based are
 correct."
 Large amounts of gold and silver ore are
 brought to this city for treatment and for ship-
 ment abroad, and also are large quantities of
 Base Bullion. The process of reduction is great-
 ly facilitated by working together ores of a
 different character, and the Base Bullion now
 sent abroad can be refined, for treatment at
 the works in New York, under the improved
 process. For the purpose of a general demon-
 stration of these processes, the Company has
 granted a limited right to a party in New York
 who is erecting works capable of treating twenty
 five tons of ore and twenty five tons of Base
 Bullion daily, and the public use and machinery
 for this purpose are in greater part ready.
 They now desire to provide for the immedi-
 ate reduction of the large works by sale of a limited
 portion of their capital stock, and it is in order
 to promote the required means without unne-
 cessary sacrifice, that their enterprise is in this
 way laid before the public. For this purpose
 a sufficient amount of stock will be sold at seven
 dollars per share, being 70 per cent of its
 par value; and it is requested that persons who
 may wish to purchase, will apply personally, or
 by letter, to the Secretary of the Company, P. O.
 box 574, to whom all remittances for shares
 should be made, and from whom the Prospectus
 and other and more full information can be
 obtained.

GOLD. Great chance to make money. If you
 can't get gold you can't get rich. We need a
 good person in every town to take subscriptions
 for the latest, cheapest and best illustrated family publication in the
 world. Any one who can get subscribers for this
 most elegant work of art, given free for subscribers.
 The price is so low that almost everybody will take it.
 One agent reports making over \$100 in a week. A busy
 agent reports taking over 400 subscribers in ten days.
 All who engage make money fast. You can devote all
 your spare time to the business, or only your spare time.
 You need not be away over night. You can do it as
 well as others. Full particulars, directions and terms
 free. Agents and expenses nothing. If you want
 profitable work send your address at once. It costs
 nothing to try the business. No one who engages fails
 to make great pay. Address "The People's Journal,"
 Portland, Maine.

999 Can't be made by any agent over a month
 in the business, but if you will
 try to work can easily earn a dozen dol-
 lars a day right in their own locality.
 Have no room to explain here. Business
 pleasant and honorable. Women and girls
 do as well as men. You need not be away from home.
 The business pays better than any other. We will
 bear expense of getting you. Particulars free. Write
 and we will send you the business. You can do it as
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 to make great pay. Address "The People's Journal,"
 Portland, Maine.

\$777 is not easily earned in these times, but
 it can be made in three months in any
 one of either sex, in any part of the
 country who is willing to work steadily
 at the employment that we furnish. \$700 per week in
 your own town. You need not be away from home
 over night. You can give your whole time to the work,
 or only your spare moments. We have agents who are
 making over \$200 per day. All who engage at once can
 make money fast. At the present time money cannot
 be made so easily and rapidly at any other business.
 It costs nothing to try the business. Full particulars
 sent free. Address at once, "H. HALL & CO.,"
 Portland, Maine.

Hemorrhoids or Piles!
 DR. MARTIN, 107 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia,
 has a new and simple method of curing Hemorrhoids
 without knife, ligature or
 any other operation. No pain, no
 cure, and no return. Send for
 circular at once, containing full
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GOLD. Great chance to make money. If you
 can't get gold you can't get rich. We need a
 good person in every town to take subscriptions
 for the latest, cheapest and best illustrated family publication in the
 world. Any one who can get subscribers for this
 most elegant work of art, given free for subscribers.
 The price is so low that almost everybody will take it.
 One agent reports making over \$100 in a week. A busy
 agent reports taking over 400 subscribers in ten days.
 All who engage make money fast. You can devote all
 your spare time to the business, or only your spare time.
 You need not be away over night. You can do it as
 well as others. Full particulars, directions and terms
 free. Agents and expenses nothing. If you want
 profitable work send your address at once. It costs
 nothing to try the business. No one who engages fails
 to make great pay. Address "The People's Journal,"
 Portland, Maine.

999 Can't be made by any agent over a month
 in the business, but if you will
 try to work can easily earn a dozen dol-
 lars a day right in their own locality.
 Have no room to explain here. Business
 pleasant and honorable. Women and girls
 do as well as men. You need not be away from home.
 The business pays better than any other. We will
 bear expense of getting you. Particulars free. Write
 and we will send you the business. You can do it as
 well as others. Full particulars, directions and terms
 free. Agents and expenses nothing. If you want
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\$777 is not easily earned in these times, but
 it can be made in three months in any
 one of either sex, in any part of the
 country who is willing to work steadily
 at the employment that we furnish. \$700 per week in
 your own town. You need not be away from home
 over night. You can give your whole time to the work,
 or only your spare moments. We have agents who are
 making over \$200 per day. All who engage at once can
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 It costs nothing to try the business. Full particulars
 sent free. Address at once, "H. HALL & CO.,"
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Hemorrhoids or Piles!
 DR. MARTIN, 107 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia,
 has a new and simple method of curing Hemorrhoids
 without knife, ligature or
 any other operation. No pain, no
 cure, and no return. Send for
 circular at once, containing full
 particulars.

Insurance.
MILLVILLE
Mutual Marine and Fire
INSURANCE CO.
 Millville, N. J.
Assets January 1st, 1878
\$1,454,936 23.

This strong and conservative Company insures
FARM BUILDINGS, LIVE STOCK and
 other property against loss or damage
By Fire and Lightning
 at lowest rates, for the term of
One, Three, Five or Ten Years.
VESSELS.
 Cargoes and Freights, written on liberal form
 of policies, without restrictions as to ports
 used, or registered tonnage.
LOSSES
Promptly Adjusted and Paid.
N. STRATTON, President.
F. L. MULFORD, Sec'y
 January 15th, 1876.

AGENTS.
 J. Alfred Bodine, Williamstown; C. E. P. May-
 how, May's Landing; A. Stepany, Egg Har-
 bor City; Capt. Daniel Walters Absecon; Thos.
 E. Morris, Somers' Point; Hon. D. S. Black-
 man, Port Republic; Allen T. Leeds, Tuck-
 erton; Dr. Lewis Reed, Atlantic City; Alfred W.
 Clement, Haddonfield, H. M. Jewett, Winslow.
H. E. BOWLES, M. D.,
 21-1v LAMMONTON N. J.

CUMBERLAND MUTUAL
Fire Insurance Company.
BRIDGETON, N. J.
 Conducted on strictly mutual principles, of-
 fering a perfectly safe insurance for just what
 it may cost to pay losses and expenses. The
 proportion of loss to the amount insured being
 very small, and expenses much less than usu-
 ally had, nothing can be offered more favorably
 to the insured. The cost being about ten cents
 on the hundred dollars per year to the insurers
 on ordinary risks, and from fifteen to twenty-five
 cents per year on hazardous properties, which is
 less than one third of the lowest rates charged by
 stock companies, on such risks—the other two
 thirds taken by stock companies being a profit
 accruing to stockholders, or consumed in ex-
 penses of the companies.
 The guarantee fund of premium notes being
 now Three Millions of Dollars.
 If an assessment had to be made of five per
 cent. only, twice within the ten years for which
 the policy is issued it would yet be cheaper to
 the members than any other insurance offered.
 And that large amount of money is saved to
 the members and kept at home. No assess-
 ment having ever been made, being now more
 than thirty years, that saving would amount to
 more than
One Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars
The Losses by Lightning.
 Where the property is not set on fire, being
 less than one cent per year to each member,
 are paid without extra charge, and extended so
 as to cover all policies that are issued and out-
 standing.
B. J. SHEPPARD, President,
HENRY B. LUPTON, Secretary,

AGENTS & SURVEYORS.
 GEO. W. PRESSEY, Hammononton, N. J.
 GEO. W. SAWYER, Tuckerton, N. J.
 A. L. INZARD, May's Landing, N. J.
Jos. H. Shinn,
INSURANCE AGENT
 Atlantic City, N. J.
 Risks taken throughout the County.

ROYAL of Phila. Assets,
\$19,000,000 Gold.
CONTINENTAL, N. Y. nearly \$3,010,000
LIFE
MUTUAL BENEFIT, of Newark, N. J.
Assets over \$31,000,000
PROVIDENT LIFE & TRUST CO. of Phila.
 Send for list of rates before insuring elsewhere.
INSURE IN THE
Co-Operative Mutual
LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY,
 OF THE
 'County of Lancaster, Pa.
 The Best and Cheapest Life Insur-
 ance in the World.
 Every body can make provision for case of death.
STRICTLY MUTUAL. CHARIER
PERPETUAL.
 Inquire of R. & W. H. THOMAS,
 Hammononton, N. J.

Patents!
 F. A. Lehmann, Solicitor of Patents,
 Washington, D. C. No Patent, No Pay.
 Send for Circular.

Camden & Atlantic R. R.
Winter Arrangement 1877.

DOWN TRAINS

LEAVE	A. M.	P. M.	Accon	Acc
Vine St. Wharf.....	7 40	8 40	4 00	6 00
Cooper's Point.....	7 45	8 45	4 15	6 15
Knigh's Siding.....	8 32	8 32	3 32	5 32
Haddonfield.....	8 45	8 45	4 45	6 45
Asbland.....	9 10	8 44	4 44	6 48
Kirkwood.....	9 45	8 58	4 55	7 03
Berlin.....	10 10	9 06	5 03	7 10
Atco.....	10 35	9 15	5 12	7 20
Waterford.....	0 45	9 20	5 18	7 25
Ancona.....	11 05	9 25	5 23	7 30
Vineland Junction.....	11 10	9 27	5 25	7 32
Hammononton.....	1 40	9 36	5 33	7 39
DaCosta.....	1 55	9 41	5 38	7 44
Elwood.....	2 20	9 50	5 47	7 53
Egg Harbor.....	1 00	10 01	5 58	8 04
Pomona.....	1 25	10 11	6 09	8 15
Absecon.....	2 05	10 23	6 20	8 26
Atlantic arrive.....	2 30	10 40	6 37	8 37

UP TRAINS.

LEAVE	A. M.	Accon	Trigt	M
Atlantic.....	6 58	11 30	3 20	
Absecon.....	7 15	12 03	3 38	
Pomona.....	7 26	12 30	3 49	
Egg Harbor.....	7 36	1 01	4 01	
Elwood.....	7 49	1 23	4 21	
DaCosta.....	7 58	1 43	4 22	
Hammononton.....	6 15	8 03	2 15	4 20
Vineland Junction.....	6 22	8 10	2 23	4 30
Winslow.....	6 25	8 13	2 44	4 39
Ancona.....	6 35	8 14	2 50	4 44
Waterford.....	6 35	8 23	3 10	4 50
Atco.....	12 15	8 43		